REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

REGD. NO. B. 1065

PRICE: ONE ANNA

155 BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 1, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

...P OF HUGE WEEKEND DISASTERS

...or Crashes Over Hill: Train Falls Into River

...dents Result In ... Heavy Casualties

...ds In Japan Claim 72 Victims

LONDON, June 30.

...eek-end was notewor...thy for several disasters. In ad...he Italian naval colli...sion, there were Japanese floods, ...yesterday, in which the death-roll has reached the

...G ACCIDENTS

...e motoring accidents have also occurred. At Casa...is feared 13 persons were buried alive, under the ...a motor-bus, which overturned and caught fire. ...ers were seriously injured. The crash was caused by ...swervin to avoid a cow.

...ER CLIFF.

...June 30.—Seven (including five boys) were killed ...ys were injured when a motor-coach and a trailer ...ell a 30-foot cliff at Casale Monferrato. (Casale Mon... an old industrial town in Province of Alessandria, N.

...OPPLES OVER INTO RIVER

(France), June 30.—After overrunning a goods-train ...ver into the river Charentonne. The engine-driver ...ireman swam ashore. None were injured, but much ...merchandise was lost. —Reuter's Special.

...Punjab Cr. L.A. Act ...d In Delhi

...mittee Pre... Report

NEW DELHI, June 29.

...d by the All-India Con... committee has prepared a ... Criminal Law Amend... derstood that the following

...inst 51 persons from Janu... which the Act remained ...ve of them were externed ... were kept in custody for ...months and eight young ... the police station twice

...r Roy Choudhuri, Bhanin... ...n Banerjee, Rameshchandra ... Banwari Lal, Khushal ... Kaifi (Gujranwala), Shri... ...rakash Devi (wife of Mr. ..., Messrs. Jai Chandra ...kar, Khayali Sen Gupta, ...mmed Lalji, Jugmander ...am, S. N. Vateyan and ... Lal Azad.

...raint orders were subse... ... withdrawn against five ...s including Shrimati Sushila ...g Dr. (Miss) Lilavati a ...dy doctor was served with ...e directing her not to take ... anti-Government activities. ...owever, died later on May ...3 at Lahore. Master Har... ...another externee died at ...hsd on November 10, 1934.

EXTERNMENT LED TO...

...port further states that ... made from those who ... affected by this Act ...at most of them, on ... externment orders, lost ... The students who ...d to leave Delhi could ... admission into colleges ...ls. A young man who ...ned from Delhi was ... the same night in a ...a at Rohtak under ...o Indian Penal Code for

United Press.

GOVT. VIGILANCE INTO 'QUAKE NEWS

Simla Orders Provincial Authorities To Watch Press

SIMLA, June 30.

It is reliably understood that the Government of India have issued two circulars to all Provincial Governments asking them to watch every item of news and the editorial commeats appearing in the Provincial Press in respect of the Quetta 'quake disaster.—United Press.

NAZIS WAR ON INDUSTRIALISTS

Dr. Goebbels Sings To Glory Of Party Rule

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, June 30.

In a flood of words from the mouths of the Nazi leaders during the weekend singing praises of two and a half years of Nazi rule not a single phrase referred to the purge of June 30, 1934. The general effect of the speeches has been an attack on every thing non-Nazi.

Without referring by name to the Stalheim and other nationalist associations, Dr. Goebbels, in a speech at Tempelhof, said it was about time that these other associations kindly dissolved themselves. They were not only superfluous but harmful. They were wrong if they think that the Nazi movement is sponsoring a better standard of living for industrialists and shareholders.

COAL STRIKE CALLED OFF

Miners To Continue Work At Present Rates Till 31st July

WASHINGTON June 30.

The coal-strike mentioned yesterday was called off Mr. Lewis states that he has agreed with the producers that the miners will continue to operate at the present rates till 31/7—Reuter Special.

An earlier message (dated Washington June 29th) stated:—

Four hundred and fifty thousand workers in coal-fields will down tools to-morrow.

Following the breakdown of negotiations for new wages and hours contract mentioned on June 15, Mr. John Lewis, President of an United Mine Workers' Association ordered all men out at midnight on Sunday.

Owners accepted the Association's offer to supply for the maintenance of men during the stoppage.—Reuter's Special.

PARIS GRAND PRIX

Rothschild's Filly "Crudite" Wins

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 30.

At Longchamps the Paris Grand Prix Stakes resulted, as follows:—

Winner: Baron Rothschild's filly "Crudite" ridden by Bridgland.

Second: Arthur Sainbury's "William of Vallence", ridden by Steve Donoghue.

Third: Princesse Faucigny de Lucinge's "Louqsor."

Twenty-two ran. Won by a shorthead. One and half lengths. "Crudite" covered one mile and seven furlongs in three minutes and 13 seconds.

GONDAL'S MUNIFICENCE

A Lakh Of Rupees For Quetta Relief

(From A Correspondent.)

The Maharaja of Gondal has announced a munificent donation of one lakh of rupees for Quetta earthquake relief.

MAYOR'S FUND TOPS RS. 85,000

Contributions received till evening of 28th June towards The Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund total Rs. 85,601-0-3.

BHOPAL GIVES RS. 5,000

(From A Correspondent).

BHOPAL, June 30.

His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bahadur, Ruler of Bhopal, has given a donation of Rs. 5,000 to the Viceroy's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund.

JAMNALAL BAJAJ FOR KARACHI

Sequel To Need Of Presence For Relief Work

LAHORE, June 30.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, who came here at the invitation of Babu Rajendra Prasad to attend the meeting of the Central Relief Committee, to-day, is proceeding to Karachi as his presence there is considered necessary by the Congress President and the Hind members of the Central Committee.

Seth Jamnalal has therefore cancelled all his previous engagements, and proceeds with Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram and Mr. Choithram to Karachi on 2nd July, and will probably stay there a week.—A. P.

Health And Rainfall In Baroda

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, June 29.

Baroda City health statistics for May, show 362 deaths of which 190 were males and 172 females. The death rate comes to 42.9 per mille. There were 380 births, during the month the 41.5 per cent. During week ending 22nd June there were 38 deaths and 65 births.

RAINFALL.

Rain statistics of the whole state for week ended 21st June shows 2 inches in Baroda City, 2½ and 2¼ in. in Sinor and Waghodia talukas and 1¼th. in Sankheda and Tilakwada talukas of Baroda district. In Navsari districts the records of Vyara, Mangrol and Kamrej and Songadh talukas are 4¼in. 4in. 3¼th. and 3¼in. in Mehsana district Visnagar taluka has recorded 1¼in. while in Amreli district Kutchatalur taluka has recorded 3¼in. Rainfall at Vyara upto this week with 41in. and Chhotaudepur shows lowest record of 18½.

Lord Dunedin, Dead

(Reuter's Special.)

LONDON, June 30.

The death has occurred of Lord Dunedin, aged 82—Reuter's Special.

(Lord Dunedin (John George Buchan) was a Tory M. P. representing Bute of York from 1892-1905 and 1910-23.)

(Continued from Col. 7).

depends upon the measure of the co-operation that is received from journalists all over India.

The Reception Committee will undertake to make suitable provisions, free of cost, for the board and lodging of all the delegates who will be ultimately from outside Bengal. The registration fee [illegible]

Bombay Prays For Quetta 'Quake Victims

COLLECTIONS ON JULY 5

Bhulabhai's Call To Nation To Rise To Occasion For Succour Of Distressed

Mass prayers for the peace of the souls of thousands who lost their lives in the Quetta Earthquake disaster, were held at the Congress House on Sunday evening, at a public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the Committee presided on the occasion. Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of Bombay was among those present.

BHULABHAI'S SPEECH.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai explaining the purpose of the meeting, felt that it was a solemn occasion when every one should express sympathy with the thousands who had perished in the earthquake. The hand of Nature had not spared any one at Quetta and thousands, irrespective of their caste or community, had been smitten with calamity.

By offering mass prayers, the people of India stressed the unity of all communities and India would rise to the occasion in the face of such a calamity.

DUTY OF ALL.

In such a vast country like India, it was the duty of every one in the country to rally to the succour of those in distress. Above all, every one should offer prayers for the eternal peace of the souls of thousands who perished at Quetta.

Mr. Nariman [illegible] that it behoved the Congress to [illegible] Committee was situated.

rise to the occasion brushing aside all other considerations and notwithstanding the difficulties in the way. The responsibility of those who were providing relief in the present conditions were very great, as relief had extended over a wide area and the victims were scattered in several towns.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai then led the prayer in a solemn atmosphere.

COLLECTIONS ON JULY 5.

After the prayer, Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary of the Relief Committee announced that according to the instructions of Babu Rajendra Prasad, it was decided that collections would be made on July 5 next, which would be observed as the Quetta Day. It was decided, Mr. Patil added, to issue one-rupee coupon books to facilitate collections of smaller amounts. Collection boxes would be sent round the city to enable the collection of smaller amounts than one rupee. He appealed to the citizens that on July 5, every one should contribute according to mite, without waiting for the collection boxes. The money could be remitted at the Congress House where the office of the Relief Committee was situated.

Bureau For Quetta 'Quake Victims

Central Relief Committee Sanctions Grants For Minimum Needs

LAHORE MEETING DISCUSSES ACTIVITIES OF ORGANISATION IN PUNJAB, SIND AND N.W.F.P.

LAHORE, June 30.

The first meeting of the Quetta Central Relief Committee was held at Lajpatrai Bhavan with Babu Rajendra Prasad as president. Others present were Lala Dhaluram, Dr. Choithram Gidwani, Dr. Khan Sahib, Sardar Sardulsingh Caveeshar, Lala Dunichand of Ambala and Lala Dunichand of Lahore, Dr. Gopchand, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram. Acharya Kripalani and Lalji Malhotra attended by invitation.

ASPECTS OF RELIEF

The meeting considered relief work at Quetta in all its aspects and passed resolutions, "inter alia", that the best policy to be adopted in administering relief would be to give grants and not loans, the amount to be given to each recipient being in accordance with minimum needs and the maximum individual grant not exceeding Rs. 250. Details were settled relating to the opening of a Bureau for collecting information respecting unemployment, relief of destitute women and arrangements for orphans [illegible] regards maintenance and [illegible] of students in distress, the committee decided not to take up this item of relief "in view of the fact that the Government has undertaken to give this relief".

FUNDS OF COMMITTEE

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Treasurer, and Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Secretary, will operate the bank account of the committee. It was decided to register the committee under the Registration of Societies Act.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji and Mr. S. A. Brelvi were co-opted, vice, Seth Mathradas Vissanji and Maulana Abdul Kadir.

It was resolved that associations donating Rs. 5,000 shall be entitled to one representative on the committee and also every individual contributing Rs. 5,000 or more. Other details of personnel, working, etc., of the Punjab, Sind and N. W. F. P. committees were settled.

Babu Rajendra Prasad discussed relief plans with representatives of other bodies yesterday, when it was stated that the Central Committee had so far assured financial support to the extent of Rs. 100,000, Bombay alone promising Rs. 40,000.—A. P.

Journalists Prepare To Organise

ALL-INDIA CONFERENCE TO MEET AT CALCUTTA AT END OF JULY

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

The Secretary of the Reception Committee of the All-India Journalists' Conference writes:—

The Indian Journalists' Association in consultation with other Associations of Journalists, has decided to call an All-India Conference of Journalists in Calcutta by the end of July to discuss the various [illegible] problems facing Journalism and particularly, to take joint action in view of the proposed renewal of the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act of 1931 which was introduced ostensibly to combat the Civil Disobedience movement and which is still maintained by the great detriment of independent journalism in the country though the movement has been withdrawn.

DISASTROUS EFFECT

The operation of this and other repressive laws affecting the Press has seriously crippled the financial resources of not a few newspapers and periodicals, some of which have been forced to close down. It has also discouraged the normal development of newspaper industry, and has been instrumental in increasing unemployment and [illegible] among journalists. The [illegible] the administration of the Press Laws has not [illegible] the political atmosphere [illegible] Government's [illegible] considerably improved.

[illegible] OF CENTRAL [illegible]

[illegible] strong feeling [illegible] pressed by Journalists all over India that an All-India Conference of Journalists should be held among other things for:—

(a) formulating [illegible] for the non-renewal of the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act of 1931 in any shape or form;

(b) devising a common plan of action to secure the repeal of the repressive laws affecting the Press;

(c) modify such economic restrictions on the Press as are involved in paper duty, postal and press telegram rates, electricity, telephone and gas rates, duty on printing machinery, etc.;

(d) secure better news service, Indian and foreign;

(e) secure better facilities of journalistic training and a more adequate preparation for journalism as a career;

(f) improve the status and economic condition of journalists and secure employment for unemployed journalists;

(g) [illegible] memorials for the [illegible] of journalists out of [illegible] in famines or in [illegible] and make provision for [illegible] and children of newspaper [illegible] who have been killed in [illegible] circumstances; and

(h) organise journalists in every province [illegible] and [illegible] organisation of journalists.

[illegible] Conference

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Organisers for Bombay and Suburbs on liberal salary and commission for an established Life Office of Bombay. None but capable and influential men need apply. Box No. 4459. "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted:—Experienced Weaving-Master, (2) Anglo-Indian Motor-Driver, (3) Custom-Clerks, (4) Fast Stenographers, (5) Head-Clerk (Insurance line), (6) Dyeing-Bleaching Masters for Bombay. Apply, Secretary, Royal Service Agency, 369/371, 3rd floor, Hornby-Road, Fort, Bombay. (4462)

Wanted.—Engineers, S. D. O.'s and Overseers to secure easily Diploma of M. I. C. E. and A. M. I. C. E' Apply to Consulting Engineer, Paharganj, Delhi. (4421)

Wanted an Accountant and Head Clerk with good experience of Life Office apply to the Secretary, B. N. Railway Death Benefit Fund, Ltd., Chakradharpur, B. and O." (1287).

Wanted Immediately thoroughly experienced Stenographers, Anglo-Indian Motor Driver-Mechanic, Apply personally Asiatic Service Bureau, Fourth Flour, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road. (4452).

Required Supervisors to control Folding and Bundling Departments in Making-up Departments of Mill in Bombay manufacturing high class qualities, please apply giving full particulars of experiences and qualifications and stating salary required to Box No. 1289 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted urgently for Bombay Mill, Carding, Spinning, Dyeing-Bleaching, and Weaving Masters. Apply with certificates personally or State in details salary required Royal Service Agency 369/371 Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay. (4449).

Wanted young and energetic Clerks for Weaving Department of local Cotton Mill. Those who hold full experience need apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 1266, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Experienced and clever, folding jobber having knowledge of English and good Experience of the folding line. Apply with testimonials Box No. 4438, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Intelligent, Matriculated, diligent youths under twenty for Electric apparatus manufacture. Partial investment essential. One year's unpaid training free. Apply Box No. 4425, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Branch Secretaries, Superintendents, lady superintendents and agents upto Rs. 250 p. m. Apply Lakshmi Bonds Corporation Ltd., Lahore. (4429)

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Experienced Motor Driver seeks employment. Excellent testimonials, please apply Gujarsing, 8|10, Bora Bazaar Street, Holichakla, Fort, Bombay. (4443).

Hindu Undergraduate from noble family wishes to serve honorary a noble Hindu Shethia as companion, Secretary or Estate Manager with liberal terms. Will give best references. Please write Box No. 4457, "Bombay Chronicle".

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Learn Shorthand by post in six weeks. Booklet free. International Correspondence College, Post Box 412, Calcutta. (4460).

Senior Cambridge Institute has got an up-to-date staff to coach you for Cambridge examinations. Last date of enrollment for December examination 10th July. Apply immediately Senior Cambridge Institute, Sirdar High School premises near Pathe Cinema, Lamington Road. (1176).

Learn:—Electrical and Radio Engineering. City and Guilds London Diplomas. Low charges. Recognised instructions. Prospectus on three annas stamps. Bombay Technical Institute, Bombay 10 (4318).

American Dental College—Intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th July. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. 4307

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Ten Monthly Eight-Rupee-Instalments. Liquidate 75-Rupee-Loan-and-Interest. Consult the Dwarkabai Memorial Savings and Loans Office, Nowroji Street, Thakurdwar. (4379).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Agents Wanted—Applications are invited on handsome commission and salary up to Rs. 150 per month to introduce silk sarris and suitings manufactured in our mills. Apply to:—The Punjab Textile Mills, Ravi Road, Lahore (Punjab). (4328).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS

to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

TS WANTED.

tic, influential and ntlemen in all parts sidency to work as gents and special Life Department of General Insurance ase write stating ience to:—N. K. Sons, Managing No. 42, Cawnpore.

118. TAILORING

Assured way to earn decent living in 6 months, is to get trained in Scientific Tailoring with London Diploma. Rao's Tailoring College Sai Bhuvan, Princess Street. Bombay. (4447).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Cheap Petrol—One rupee per gallon Bombay Delivery. Register your requirements with Resoline Agency Bombay No. 21. (4450).

Teas with garden freshness are rich in flavour, sweet in smell. We are agents of Nilgiris Tea and get fresh stock. So try it. N. Nuserwanji, opp. Peddar Bros., Old Lohar Street. (4456).

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Appreciable extraordinary delicious Bombay, Langra, Krishen Bhog mangoes Rs. 5 per 100 net. Safe arrival guarranteed season poor. Advance immediately Grafts Catalogue Free. Supdt. Raja Nursery, Darbhanga, No. 21, (Behar). (4420)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 23964 on the life of Joseph Mark Pereira, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is filed with us within one month from date.

J. M. CORDEIRO,
Secretary.
4454

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the work of deepening and regrading the existing storm water channel at Love Grove and replacing the old corroded pipes in the Love Grove sea wall by new 72" diameter steel pipes, will be received up to 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Wednesday, the 10th July, 1935.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc. will be issued on payment of Rupees Five to any one deputed to receive them by the Deputy City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 28th June, 1935.
1295

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 829 of 1933.

The SHILOTRI BANK LIMITED (In liquidation) ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

RUTTONBAI alias LAXMIBAI, widow and another Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 9th October, 1934, the Commissioner for taking accounts, High Court Bombay, will put up for sale by Public Auction at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 4th July, 1935, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) all those several pieces of land together with premises thereon situate at Kalyan and Wadeghar in the Registration Sub-District Kalyan and District Thana containing by admeasurement 4 Acres and 17 Gunthas and 49 Acres and 21-1/4 Gunthas respectively or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Captain & Vaidya, Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1935.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Offg. Commissioner.
1294

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT SEWRI.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Raghavayya Nagindas & Co. Attorneys for Bhawram Mukund Kirti the Transferee of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of Mariambai wife of Essak Ismail the Mortgagor under the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage dated 30th November 1933, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immovable Property on Monday, the 1st day of July 1935 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the Premises.

All that triangular shaped piece of land of the Toka Tenure with the house situate at Sewri containing by admeasurement 2571 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14358, 14369, 14427, 14429, A/14358 and A/14427 and New Survey No. 2, 4|2362, 1A|2362 and Cadastral Survey No. 2, 4 (Parel Sewri Division) and assessed by the Municipality under F Ward Nos. 1208, 1209, 1210 and 1211 and Street Nos. 136, 137, 138 and 139.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Raghavayya Nagindas & Co., Attorneys for the Transferee of Mortgage or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

SALE WILL BE HELD AT BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES AT JULLUNDER.

By order of the Official Assignee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 9th July, 1935, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at our Rooms the Right, Title and Interest of Bilamal Vishnudas and Raghunathdas Bilamal traded as Bilamal Raghunathdas in the properties:

(1) Situate at Gate Kot Pushkian and

(2) At Galli Nimwalli Jullunder City respectively.

For further particulars apply to CRAWFORD & CO., Govt. Auctioneers, 122, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay.

The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES

Between

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi via Malabar.
2. Rangoon Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi, via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Saturday, the 6th JULY
will bring to Bombayites
THIS GREAT JEWEL
MARATHI
USHA

Featuring:—
Ushadevi, Ratnaprabha, K. Vasudeo, Dudhale.

Directed by:
Baburao Painter

Music Composed and Directed by:
Govindrao Tembe

This TALKIE is Running in
8th WEEK
AT POONA.
A JEWEL COMING
From NEXT SATURDAY
At
MAJESTIC
CINEMA GIRGAUM
NEXT WEEK

You can never realise the unimaginable destruction wrought upon the beautiful city of Quetta by the terrible earthquake disaster until you see the complete film record of

QUETTA 'QUAKE

Produced by Imperial Film Co., and now screened to packed houses at

SWASTIK

Late Carlton Talkies,
Lamington Rd.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH
"AH-E-MAZLUMAN"
or
"WAILINGS OF OPPRESSED"

New Tonfilm (Calcutta's) Urdu Masterpiece. A tremendous drama of real life portrayed on the grandest scale ever attempted!

STARRING:
MISS INDUBALA, ABDULLAH KABULI, AZMAT BIBI, ROSHANARA.
17 SWEET SONG HITS!

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will, on TUESDAY, the 9th inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

By order of the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1796 of 1933 (Samsudin vs. Badrudin):—

Ornaments such as diamond and emerald ear-rings, rings, loose diamonds, emerald and pokhraj rings, cadas, etc., pearl bangles, nose-rings, necklaces, ear-rings, strings of pearls, a lot of loose pearls, etc. gold bangles, watches, bracelets, lockets, madalias, etc. silver watches, zazras, kadas, etc.

Also in Suit No. 2063 of 1929 (Harkisondas vs. Meghji Jivandas):—

4 Pearl Bangles and 2 Pearl Javs.

The above will be on view 3 days before the Sale between 12 and 4 P.M. (S.T.) Cash will be required at the time of Sale.

BENNETT & CO.

YOUR

SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY

It cures inflamation of the eyes. Loss of sight, Imperfect sight, Nyctalopia, Aching Pain in the eye, Tired and heavy feeling in the eye-lids, Bloody eyes, Excess of Rheum, Fleshy growth in the eye, Burning in the eye, Granular eye-lids, Leucoma Glaucoma, Cataract, Corneal Opacities, etc., etc. Literature free.

P. M. ZAVERI & Co.,
CHEMISTS,
Princess Street, BOMBAY, 2.
Beware of Imitation—Insist on "SELLER'S"

Futile Attem... Fore...

Chinsurah Custo... After M...

CHINSURAH, June 30.

The customs Rummaging St... stationed at Chinsurah for p... vention of smuggling of Fren... and Japanese silk to the Briti... territory from French Chandern... gore had a thrilling experience ... midnight covering a wide ar... from Chandernagore to Howra...

On receipt of certain inform... tion that some men would smu... gle silk at night in a car to C... cutta, the staff kept a watch ... the Baidyabati level crossing gate. According to the information, a car, which was seen coming towards them from the Chandernagore side, knocked down the bench on which the staff members sat and drove towards Calcutta in full speed. Message was sent to the Serampore "goomti" but the ... hurried to the ... 'thans' of smu... car. The driv... the seizure w... more 'thans' ... hidden inside ... seized that ... silk was seized ... intruding pase... railway statio...

HOMOEOPATHS' CONVOCATION

Post Graduate College Students Receive Diplomas

The annual Convocation of the Post Graduate Medical College (Homoeopathic) came off on Sunday evening, at the Blavatsky Lodge, when 21 men and women were endowed with the diplomas.

Mr. K. F. Nariman was announced to preside; but as there was a simultaneous meeting to observe Quetta Day, he regretted his absence. As a mark of sympathy for the sufferers in that disaster, the audience observed silence for a minute at the request of Dr. N. Ghatak, the Chancellor of the Dr. Surendra Homoeopathic University.

PLEA FOR HOMOEOPATHY.

In his opening speech, Dr. Lal put up a strong plea for homoeopathic treatment on two considerations, namely economic and statistical. Indian money could be invested in India; statistics of mortality in various diseases showed that homoeopathy claimed only 50 lives to 1,000, while 300 were lost to 1,000 in the case of allopathy.

Dr. Ghatak in his convocation address pointed out the usefulness and efficacy of the homoeopathic treatment and said that the Central Government had been approached and moved to recognise homoeopathy, in pursuance of the resolutions passed in the la... Andhra and Bengal Conference...

In conclusion he invoked t... helping hand of all the Municip... boards and Corporations to ta... young Homoeopaths in the hos... tals under their bodies.

Orchestra and violin solo m... the programme attractive.

BOMBAY MUSLI...
Variety
IN
QUETTA 'Q...
MR. K. ...
The Ma...
DAINTY DANCES
Baby Anjani Kumari,
Miss William,
Miss Azuri,
Miss Sophi,
Mr. Jamnaprasad.
TABLA TARANG
Kumari Kaushalya.
PHYS...
Master SHAR...
Tickets will be available fr...
IBRAHIM JAFAR, ...
Chakla Street.
H. H. JUMA, ...
Zaveri Bazaar.
ROYAL OPE...

RAYALASEEMA
Relie...
The ... the Go... Collecto... which ... the peo... areas. ... posed w... gondap... konda and Hodupur t... be taken up without do... have been a few showe... the last month and th... in Anantapur and Bel... tricts; still the number ... has not in any way ... The relief works have to ... on for some time more ... ther showers ppvide em... to the labourers who are ... employed on Government rel...
The Rayalaseema fam... committee distributed a... women's clothes to ... needy labourers wo... Chilamtur and at G... Cloth that would suffice ... 400 men and women ha... sent to Sjt. M. Sithurao, ... tribution at Branhanapa... in Gooty taluk.
The number of workers ... Government work, and ... Board works including t... pendents comes to about ... and the allotment of Rs. ... the committee in too ... to meet the cloth d... members of the ab... appeal to the ge... pu...

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MONSOON ACTIVE IN BURMA & BENGAL

Rainfall General In C. P. Gujarat, Hyderabad & Konkan

POONA, June 30.

Monsoon has been active in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal and Bihar and strengthened in Deccan and Central Provinces. Maximum temperatures are above normal in Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, west Central Provinces, Konkan, north Hyderabad, and Malabar and local in Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, east United Provinces, east Central Provinces, east Rajputana, Gujrat, south Hyderabad, Madras Deccan and north Madras coast. A few fails have occurred in Upper Burma, West Central India, Bombay Deccan, and south-east Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall: Port Blair 1|2 in., Akyab, Kyaukpyu 2 ins. each, Margui and Diamond Islands 1-1|2 in. each, Minho and Gwa 3|4 in. each, Cherrapunji 5 ins., Dibrugarh 3 ins., Barisal, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri and Sambhalpur 1-1|2 in. each, Darbhanga and Shillong 1 in. each, Tezpur and Purnea 3|4 in. each, Nagpur 3 ins., Indore Saugor 2 ins. each, Chanda 1-1|2 in., Lucknow 1 in., Gorakhpur and Tankhale 3|4 in. each, Kodaikanal 2 ins., Raichur, Nizamabad, Karwar and Kuddapah 1-1|2 in. each, Parbhani, Mahableshwar and Mangalore 1 in. each, Vellore, Salem and Khandala 3|4 in. each, Mercara 1|4 in.

Forecast: Monsoon will be active generally in the Peninsula and Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal and the central parts of the country and rainfall will extend in the United Provinces, east and north Punjab, Rajputana, Sindh and Gujrat. Scattered duststorms are also likely along north-west frontier and in Sindh and Punjab.—A. P.

Colaba Observatory, Bombay

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of June 30.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—00.1 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m& 78.4 degreees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.6 degrees 0.4 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.5 degrees 2.4 above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 89 per cent.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED JUNE 30.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.79 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.58 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 9630 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 12 hrs. 38 mts. I.S.T. on Saturday the 29th June 1935.

"DEV PURASKAR" PRIZE

Competition Invited Before July End

(From A Correspondent.)
TIKAMGARH, (By Mail.)

This year, as usual, the "Dev Puraskar" of Rs. 2,000 awarded by the Maharaja Vir Singh Dev of Orchha, has been reserved for a book written in "Khari Boli". Those who wish to compete for the same should send eleven copies of the book to the Puraskar Committee by the 31st of July.

The authors are at liberty to choose their own "Chhand" and subject matter, but the work produced should be such that it may come into the category of a book of real merit.

Only those books which have been published within the last two years and which are written by authors who are still alive will be taken into consideration.

For particulars write to Gauri Shanker Dwivedi, "Shankar" Pradhan Mantri, Shri Virendra Kashav Sahitya Parishad, Orchha State, Tikamgarh.

SOCIALIST LEADERS IN BHAVNAGAR

Explain Party Principles To Youth Leaguers

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHAVNAGAR, June 27.

Acharya Narendra Dev and Mr. Meherally reached Bhavnagar by car from Rajkot on June 26.

In the evening Mr. Narendra Dev and Mr. Meherally addressed a meeting of college students on "Currents in Indian History". Mr. Meherally in his speech made an appeal to the students to study the international situation with special reference to the problems of modern India.

Later in the evening the Socialist leaders addressed another meeting organised by the Bhavnagar Youth League. Mr. Meherally in the course of his speech traced the history of the rise of the Congress Socialist Party, and showed how the rise of the radical section in the Congress had become inevitable.

Acharya Narendra Dev refuted some of the charges against the Party.

They left Bhavnagar for Baroda.

"SADHU" SENT TO JAIL

Found With Charas

(From Our Correspondent.)
KALYAN, June 29.

Vithal Ganu Mane, a "Sadhu", who had in his possession one-and-a-half tola of "charas" at Ambernath and Kathodya Nau Jadhav, a Harijan, who had in his possession a bottle of illicit liquor on the local railway platform were convicted by the Resident Magistrate at Kalyan on a charge under the Bombay Abkari Act and were each sentenced to a month's rigorous imprisonment.

Both the accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

CASE OF ALLEGED ABUSE REFERRED TO HIGH COURT

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, June 29.

Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, has referred to the Bombay High Cour the case in which Joseph Peter Correa, the applicant, was convicted by the Bandra Magistrate on a charge of having used abusive language to Kamalakar Nanabhai, a student of the Elphinstone High School, Bombay, on May 20 last because the complainant refused to give his bicycle for a ride to the applicant (accused) without his father's permission, and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5.

The judge thought that the conviction was not supportable if the principle laid down in the Bombay High Court ruling could be interpreted as laying down that mere abuse, unaccompanied by circumstances which would indicate an intention to insult, could in no case amount to an offence punishable under section 504 of the Indian Penal Code. He, therefore, recommended that the conviction be quashed and the fine if paid, be refunded to the applicant.

6 MONTHS' JAIL FOR BREACH OF TRUST

(From Our Correspondent.)
KALYAN, June 29.

A sentence of six months' hard labour was passed yesterday by Mr. H. G. Lakhia, the Resident Magistrate at Kalyan, on Nanaji Karim Khoja, who was found guilty of criminal breach of trust in respect of a cycle, which the accused had hired on June 9 last from Mr. Abdul Rasel Mammad Hussain's shop at Byculla, and had later attempted to sell it for Rs. 5 at Mumbra in the Kalyan Taluka. The accused had two previous convictions.

POONA EDITOR CHARGED WITH DEFAMATION

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, June 29.

The City Mamlatdar framed a charge to-day against Mr. A. V. alias Waman Rao Patwardhan, a member of the Servants of India Society and editor, "The Samsthani Swarajya," under Section 500 I.P.C., in a defamation case filed against him by one Dhopate, a contractor of Bhor. Mr. Patwardhan pleaded not guilty. Further hearing is adjourned for July 2.

Pattani's Response To Popular Demand

(From Our Correspondent.)
WADHWAN, June 27.

The public of Wadhwan City and Camp have been greatly pleased with the news that Sir Prabhashanker Pattani has ordered an immediate introduction of Shuttle service in response to the public demand. It is definitely understood that the service will commence from the 1st of July.

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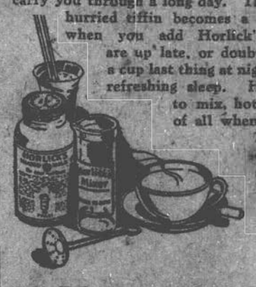

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Olympic Games, 1936

World's Youth Rallies Likely To Be Held During Festival

A hearty response has been quickly forthcoming to the invitation issued by the Organizing Committee for the XIth Olympiad to all nations taking part in the Games, asking them to send youth groups and groups of sports students, each of thirty members, to Berlin. While most of the National Olympic Committees have not had time to decide on the matter, yet definite acceptances for both rallies have already been received from four countries: Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Switzerland and Austria. The Czechoslovakian Committee emphasizes in its reply the great worth which it places on the educational value of these gatherings.

NEW HURDLES.

The tipping over of one or more hurdles in the Olympic Games contests will not lead to the disqualification of the runner, nor will it invalidate his or her claim to the official recognition of a record. This revolutionary decision was reached by the International Amateur Athletic Association, the central organization of world light athetics, at its Congress in Stockholm last year, when the whole question of hurdles and hurdle-races was considered. It receives added importance from the fact that the Olympic track and field contests at the same time constitute the world championships. The former ruling was that the knocking down of one or more hurdles constituted both disqualification and the rejection of any claim to a record.

The hurdles hitherto in use have had the disadvantage that when touched they did not capsize, but rocked and often caught the runner's leg or alse fell in the path of another competitor. For the new ruling it was necessary to create a new type of hurdle which would neither be liable to interfere with anyone else nor to prevent a record achievement.

The hurdle here illustrated has been developed to meet this demand. It can be constructed of wood or of steel tubing, and must consist of two horizontal parts forming the base at whose ends are the uprights. The two uprights are linked by one or more crossbars, which can be adjusted to the required height. At each regulation height, however, they must be firmly secured. The weight of the whole hurdle must not be under 22 pounds, and it must be so distributed that a force equivalent to a weight of 8 pounds coming into contact with the middle of the crossbar in the direction of the run shall cause the hurdle to topple over.

The height of the hurdles for the 110 metre race has been fixed at 1.06 metres, as against 1.067 metres formerly. For the 200 metre, the height is 76.2 centimetreres and for the 400 metres, 91.4 centimetres. The greatest width is 1.20 metres, and the greatest length of the base, 70 centimetres. The top cross-bar must be striped black and white.

Heiner Trossbach, ex-champion, trying out the new hurdle as constructed for the Olympic Games in 1936.

This hurdle has been built in accordance with the new regulations of the I.A.A.F. The bases and uprights are of steel tubing, while the top cross-bar is of wood or of steel tubing. It can be adjusted to the required heights and, in contrast to former hurdles, cannot then be displaced.

ART COMPETITIONS.

True to the classis Olympic tradition which has always linked gymnastic.. with the Muses, very special attention is being given the preparations for the Art Competitions of the XIth Olympiad. Printers and sculptors must forward photographs of their works to the Art Committee of the Organising Committee by the 1st February, 1936. After the decision, the selected artists will then be invited to forward the original works by a date which will be announced later.

OLYMPIC FESTIVAL PLAYERS.

Werner Egk, composer of the opera, "The Magic Violin," which was recently performed for the first time with much success in Frankfort, is collaborating with Carl Orff in composing the music for the "Olympic Youth Festival" with which the Opening Ceremony of the Olympic Games on the 1st August, 1936, will be brought to a close. The Festival will be directed by Dr. Niedecken-Gebhardt.

The dancers will include Mary Wigman, Gretl Palucca, Harald Kreutzberg, Maja Lex and their groups, as well as members of the Dorothea Guenther School.

Others taking part will come from Berlin schools, the Hitler Youth, the League of German Girls and the Medau Gymnastic School, and youths from all the participating nations.

CLOSING SCORES IN COUNTY CRICKET

LONDON, June 29.

The following are the closing scores in the first class cricket commenced to-day:—

Surrey v. Oxford University At the Oval: Oxford 324. (Mitchelinnes 132 not out. Singleton 69. Gover 6 for 95). Surrey 56 for nil.

Kent v. Glamorgan at Tunbridgewells. Glamorgan 290. (Turnbull 22, Duckfield 70, Freeman 4 for 81). Kent 68 for 2.

Sussex v. Cambridge University at Hove: Cambridge 213. (Tindall 52, J Cornford 4 for 50). Sussex 109.

Somerset v. Gloucestershire at Bath. Gloucester 218 (Sinfield 106. Wellard 5 for 29). Somerset 52 for 2.

Northamptonshire v. Yorkshire at Kettering: Northants 62. (Bowes 8 for 18). Yorkshire 258 for 8.

Warwickshire v. Leicestershire at Birmingham: Warwick 289. (Santall 54. Hill 59. Geary 5 for 60. Astill 5 for 16). Leicester 36 for nil.

Derbyshire v. Nottinghamshire at Ilkeston: Notts 205. (Gunn 78). Derby 122 for 4. (Stocker 56).

Worcester v. Lancashire at Kidderminter: Lancashire 301 for 6. (Watson 74. Oldfield 82).—Reuter's Special.

HARROW BEAT CHARTERHOUSE

(Special Cable).
LONDON, June 29.

Harrow beat Charterhouse by an innings and 18 runs. Harrow 263, Charterhouse 101. (Bond 6 for 23) and following on made 114 (Bond 5 for 18).

The match between Eton and Winchester ended in a draw.

Eton made 355 for 7 and declared. (Dickson 118). Winchester 212 and following on made 264 for 7. (Foster 113).

SALE OF DECCAN COLLEGE BUILDINGS

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, June 29.

In the suit filed in the District Judge's Court regarding the sale by Government of the Deccan College buildings, some documents including official reports of the education department for the years 1871-1872 and 1883-1884 were filed yesterday by the Government side. Files of the Deccan College Quarterly "Magazine" were filed on behalf of the College Gymkhana while "Parsi Prakash" and other papers were filed by the Past Students' Association.

Next date has been fixed as 5th July when issues will be framed.

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SCHEME FOR ASSAM UNIVERSITY

Sylhet Ex-Principal As Special Officer

SYLHET, June 30.

It is understood, Mr. D. E. Roberts, M.A., I.E.S., ex-Principal of the Murarichand College, Sylhet will be appointed as a Special Officer to prepare the scheme for the proposed Assam University. His Excellency Sir Michael Keane, it will be remembered, referred to the scheme in his last opening speech at the Assam Legislative Council.

Mr. Roberts is now on leave in England and after the completion of his leave, he will visit some of the European Universities to see their working method, after which he will come back and begin his inquiry in Assam.—United Press.

RUIKER DEFENCE FUND

NAGPUR, June 28.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, has issued an appeal to the general public and the workers, to contribute liberally to the fund which is being organised by Mr. P. L. Ghanekar, the Provincial Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, for the defence of Mr. R. S. Ruiker. The fund will be called the Ruiker Defence Fund.

It will be recalled that Mr. Ruiker, the President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, is being prosecuted under Section 124 of the I.P.C. The case is fixed at Calcutta and Mr. Ruiker who is staying at Nagpur will have to attend the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate at Calcutta.—United Press.

SHREE GAUDIYA MATH

The Secretary of the Sri Gaudiya Math writes:—

His Divine Grace Paramahamsa Sri Srimad Bhak.. Siddhanta Saraswati Goswami Maharaj, the President-Acharya and founder of Gaudiya Math arrives Bombay today (Monday) by Calcutta-Mail (via Cheoki) with dozen of His associates. His Divine Grace will be accorded a hearty reception by the followers and admirers of all nationalities. His Divine Grace will be staying at Mani Bhuban, Hughes Road (close to A. Hyland and Co.)

ROLE OF INSURANCE COMPANIES IN NATIONAL PROGRESS

(Continued from page 8.)

mined and conjoint efforts on the part of the non-Indian insurance companies working in India for recruiting efficient and good workers from Indian camp by offering high salary and rich emoluments and as a result of this bait many of the field-workers have joined their hands with those foreign companies; while the Indian managements are sitting tight all these time with their usual schedule of commission in their hands. In this respect, I think, the Indian managements lack far-sighted businessstatesmanship. I think, the Indian managements must awake from their slumber and timidity. They must rise to the exigency of the gravest peril and grapple with the situation with a bold out-look and generous heart. I say with prophetic voice that the Indian management will commit the gravest blunder and would drive nail to the coffin of Indian insurance if they do not at once take up the matter in their hands in right earnest.

TREAT THEM AS SPECIAL CLASS.

I take great exception to the practice followed by Life offices in India in matters of paying renewal commission to the workers. According to the agency contract the payment of renewal commission is subject to certain limi... tations; such as must work for th... and must introd... of new business ... agency year, an... mission is stoppe... death of the wo... said limitations ... Renewal commis... made hereditary ... time workers. ... to workers even ... company. Paym... commission mus... ed to the falls... i.e. subject to ... completing som... business as the... for new busin... newal busines... enjoy renewal ... can keep them ... touch with ... clients, rend... ble help in ... keep vigilan... that their ... lapse. In ... not prepar... newal con... it is thei... nection, ... cent ren... second ... workers ... keep u... greater ... The ... field-wo... work. ... They ... mortar... fice of... their ...

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...nts Committee, 4-...

...nesday July 3.
...Committee: 4-10 p.m.
...atural History Society
...nce of Wales Museum:

...C. C. COUNCIL.
... of the Council of the ...vincial Congress Com... be held to-day (Mon...0 p.m. (S.T.) at the ...ouse.

...ULT EDUCATION AS... SOCIATION.
...D. P. Naik, will meet his ... An "Advanced Course ...ity" to-day (Monday). ...m. in the Wilson College. ... J. C. P. D'Andrade will ...students in Philosophy, ...sics) to-day (Monday) ...m. in the Wilson Col...

...L WORKERS' SOCIETY.
...onthly Study Class of the ... will be held on Saturday ... 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the ...han School Hall, Sand... ...oad.
...embers of the Society will ... Parsi Maternal and Child ... Clinic, Opp. Petit Mansion, ... Road, Fort to-day (Mon... 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

...E SANSKRIT CLASSES.
... the auspices of Shriman ...hree Mohanlalji Jain Cen...brary & Sanskrit Pathsala, ... Ramapatimishra will con...ree Sanskrit classes for high ... and College students, from ... to 9 a.m. (B.T.) and from ... to 9 p.m. (B.T.) every day, ... June 15 in the Library Hall, ... Madhavbag.

...F. WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE.
...monthly meeting of the Ma...g Committee of the "F" ... D. C. C. will be held on ... 7th July at 6-30 p.m. ... the Committee's Office.

...te:—The committee's ...count be opened for inspecti... last ...e days, ie.. 4th, 5th and 6th

...USEMENTS

...Marietta" Daily at ...
..." Time as usual. ...edding Night" Dai... p.m. ...Mazluman" Daily ...45 p.m. ...f Red Gap" Daily ...10 p.m. ...ay Divorcee" Daily ...m. ...ge Girl" Time as
GAIETY—"Magic Wand" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Bharatki Beti" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Judgment of Allah" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Daksha Yagna" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Temptation." Time as usual.
EMPIRE—"The Good Fairy." Time as usual.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-noon—Time signal. Selected Indian music; 1 p.m. market rates. Selected English music. 5 p.m., Empire relay; 6 p.m. S. P. Vedpathak's music; 7 p.m. Bhagwat Gita discourse; 8-15 p.m., weather report; market rates and news (in English and Hindi); 9-30 p.m., Bombay Studio Orchestra.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. "Meet the Detectives of Fiction." "Meet Inspector Higgins," presented by his creator, Cecil Freeman Gregg.
7-45 p.m. The B.B.C. Northern Ireland Orchestra; leader Philip Whiteaway; conductor, E. Godfrey Brown.
8-30 p.m. The Hungaria Gipsy Band, conducted by George Garay. Relayed from the Hungaria Restaurant, London.
9 p.m. England vs. South Africa. An eye witness account by Captain H. B. T. Wakelam of the second day's play in the second Cricket Test Match. Relayed from Lord's Cricket Ground, London.
9-10 p.m. Variety.
9-15 p.m. A Ballard Concert. Hebe Simpson (Soprano) and Cuthbert Matthews (Baritone).
9-45 p.m. Dan Music.
10 p.m. The News.
10-15 p.m. Dance Music.
10-30 p.m. Close down.

THE INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS.

Under the auspices of the Indian Institute of Architects a lecture on "The Architect and his legal Responsibilities" will be delivered by Mrs. F. N. Jhabvala at the Registered Office of the Institute—the Sohrab F. Bharoocha Architectural Library—on Thursday (4th inst.) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), when the President, Prof. Claude Batley, will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held on Wednesday, (3rd inst) (instead of on Tuesday, 2nd inst.) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute's Hall (Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort), when Mr. Sorabji Nowroji Kanga, will read further a paper in Gujerati on the following subject:—(1) "Further rational explanation of Zoroastrian ritual and ceremonies; (2) "Inability to understand the real meaning of the Ahgra of the Gathas has led to confusion in some of the later Zoroastrian writings, as well as in some other religious writings of the world."

THE CAPITOL
6-30 & 10 pm.
PATHOS! LOVE!
GARY COOPER
...ited Artists
THE ...DDING ...GHT"
...that'll live long ...ur memo...!
...T MISS IT!

...tern I Theatres Ltd.

...SINA
...UBAI THEATRE.
...5-3 & 10-30 p.m. ...Matbe 3 p.m.
...LA DEMAND ...ove for the ...II WEEK ...ATERFORMANCE ...lo in the memory.
...AATKI- ...TER OF ...ntertainers ...MBAI ...G HITS ...D...NCES

THE REGAL
Daily 3 Shows
At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

8 NEW SONGS!
Free List Suspended

Achievements Of Hitler & Stalin As Dictators

"C. P." On Democracy And Force Of United Will Of Nations

Plea For New Definition To Suit Changed Conditions Brought About By Great War

Perhaps the most novel exposition, for some time past, of the present manifestation of democratic conceptions in the world, was made by Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, at a meeting held at the South Indian Association Hall, Matunga, on Sunday night. The subject of the lecture was "Democracy."

Mr. S. A. Iyer, Vice-President of the Association, presided.

Glorifying Dictatorships as the "Spear-points" of popular will and desire to build up the nation and achieve progress, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer contended that the Dictators like Mussolini, Hitler, Stalin and Kemal Pasha could not continue in their position for any length of time unless they received the support of the nation.

This the speaker considered a true indication of the prevalence of democracy, notwithstanding the fact that in the world at large the outward vestiges of democracy had vanished.

Holding that the "General Will of the People" had asserted itself through their respective Dictators, the speaker felt that what was needed in the present circumstances was a re-definition of the old term "Democracy."

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer traced the origin of the democratic ideas in the mediaeval Europe when the glorious doctrine of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity was first enunciated during the French Revolution of 1789.

The popular conception of democracy, until the Great War, was the enlargement of Franchise, a responsible Executive of a representative and elected legislature. To-day, however, very little of this type of democracy existed, in Europe, until recently the home of democracy.

Democracy in the old sense of the term, continued the speaker, was not having the vogue it had in politics. There were not many people, who, ten years ago willing to assert these principles of democracy were prepared to do so in this changed world. Although the old conception was not in vogue, if by Democracy was meant "the General Will of the People" ("Volonte Generale"), operating with the purpose of com[illegible]ood, and if it was to be t[illegible] force in political thou[illegible]tion, then democracy was existing in countries under Dictatorships, perhaps more potently, than in countries which were outwardly democratic.

The speaker pointed out that side by side with rebuff to democracy in the political sphere, a new democracy was rising in the system of economic regimentation. The old ideas of economics of nation-building were disappearing, people were blindly, inarticulately yet definitely, moving towards a new system.

RISE OF POLITICAL DEMOCRACY.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer drew a lurid picture of the rise of political democracy in an atmosphere of economic despotism, industrial slavery and financial oligarchy in England during the 19th century. While the Gladstone-Disraeli conflict in politics of the 19th Century England resulted in the spread of democratic ideas in the minds of the people, the industrial revolution gradually tended towards the impoverishment of the worker, and the concentration of wealth in the hands of the few. It should be borne in mind, the speaker observed, that economic power meant, however indirectly, a hold over political power. The spread of political democracy reached its climax in America 10 or 15 years ago, with its concomitant industrial despotism, giving rise in its turn to various portends and economic phenomena.

While political democracy existed, the means of production concentrated in the hands of the few constituted a stranglehold over the life of the people, and this question deserved utmost attention.

The speaker then illustrated his statements by drawing from contemporary history.

ITALY'S POSITION.

One would say, he observed, that Italy was an undemocratic country in the world, as also Germany and Turkey.

It was true there was no liberty of press or person in Italy as understood in the accepted sense of the term over here. Nevertheless behind Sgr. Mussolini the will of the whole Italian people was pulsating. Mussolini constituted the "Spear-point" of national will and the people were entirely with him enthusiastically and whole-heartedly supporting him. Otherwise it would have been impossible for him to achieve the splendid progress which made Italy a first-rate power in the world to-day. After the defeat of Italy in the Great War and her many disappointments, within a period of 10 years, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer added, Italy spoke again as a great nation under a great leader.

Turkey, once the "Sick Man of Europe," had, under the guidance of Kemal Pasha proved to be one of the healthiest men of the World, able to stand up and face the Western world on an equal footing. This was due to the general upheaval of the national will and activity.

HITLER AND STALIN.

Hitler might have committed outrages. But he made Germans a self-respecting nation.

So was the case with Stalin. The World press stressed, in an exaggerated manner, the impossibility of achieving the success of the 5-year plan. But the spirit of Russia then prevailing, was not merely the violent manifestations of a dictator. Those manifestations were spreading among the high and low. The Russians wanted to do in 5-years, what England took 75 years to achieve. And yet at the end of three years, the slogan was raised in Russia, "5-Year Plan in Four." And to-day Russia found a place in the League of Nations, though a few years ago, almost all the member States were against the admission of Russia.

Lenin and Stalin might be dictators But, the speaker asked, would a country of 120 millions of population transform themselves at the bidding of a tyrant, into a foremost country of the world, unless there was present their united will?

WANTED NEW DEFINITION.

The whole issue was that Democracy needed a new definition to suit the changed conditions, brought about no doubt, by the Great War. It could as well be defined as the governance of the people for their good.

What would matter was, the life of the people, their unity, their desire to manifest themselves as a great nation in the world.

The economic democracy was resorted to by almost every country after the Great War. Economic nationalism took root, as a result of the recognition of the fact that national wealth could no longer be concentrated in the hands of the few. Country was pitted against country and a relentless desire, to seize world markets and keep them, cropped up. The benevolent result was that wealth was considered the property of the people and the magnates were considered the trustees of the people holding the nation's wealth in trust for the people. Old ideas of industrial hegemony thus automatically vanished.

The speaker concluded by saying that although there were symptoms of dictatorships in the political sphere, democratisation of national wealth was slowly taking place. Thus democracy appeared to have lost in the political field, though the speaker tried to prove that it had gained in the economic sphere.

With a vote of thanks [illegible] the speaker

Viceroy's Quetta Fund Tops Rs. 20 Lakhs

The following is the further list of donations to the "Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund". Those who desire to contribute to the Fund should send their donations to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Amount already announced: £302-0-8 and Rs. 20,72,100-6-1; From the privy purse of H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad Rs. 5,000; Thro. Collector & Dist. Magistrate, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore as below: Hon. Lt.-Col. C. T. C. Plowden Rs. 200; Mr. F. R. Brislee Rs. 50; Messrs. D Cawasji & Co. Rs. 251; Mr. A. M. Sen Rs. 200; Messrs. C. Krishniah Chetty & Sons Rs. 50; Mr. J R. Siva Subramaniam Rs. 100; Mr. and Mrs. Prosser Rs. 100; Bangalore Musical Association Rs. 50; Chapter, "United Service" No. 2735-E.C. Rs. 450; Lt-Col. J. B. Hance Rs. 100; Lieut. R. W. R. Rankin Rs. 50; Bishop Cotton Girls High School Rs. 58; Lodge "Southern Brotherhood" No. 3311-E.C. Rs. 500; Messrs. Davidoss & Co. Rs. 300; Lodge "Bangalore" No. 1043-E.C. Rs. 100; Chapter Gibbs, No. 301-S.C, Rs. 153; Other donations Rs. 503-6-9; Total 1st instalment Rs. 3,212-6-9; Proceeds of a dance held at Darjeeling Gymkhana Club (through Lady Woodhead) Rs. 1,409-12 Thro.' Impl. Bank of India, Sitapur, as below: Raja Bahad Thakore Suraj Bakah Singh heb of Kamlapur Rs. 1,000; C donations Rs. 180, Total Rs. H. H. the Maharao of Kota 1,000; Lever Bros. (India) and their Associated Co India, Burma and Ceylon, Bombay Rs. 1,000.

The above including amou less than Rs. 1,000 make total of £8,282-1-8 and 20,96,542-8-10.

BRITISH & FAR ... PICTURES COR... TION LT...

The above Corpora... cided to contribute ... the Viceroy's Quet... and in order to ... shape to this dec... all Exhibitors in ... Ceylon, requestin... bute at least Ra... of each bookin... fixed for exhi... pective theat... June and J... tempts are ... special ... places, an... such sho... wards th...

Kalya...

A ...

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Housing Problem

There is a vast field for private business syndicates as well as local bodies to clear overcrowding and slums in Bombay by following the example of some of the syndicates, and local bodies in Great Britain. In the last sixteen years, not less than two and a half million houses are believed to have been built for the middle classes in that country. Only last year three lacs of houses were built, which shows the great enterprise of the private bodies. The Bombay Municipality and the Improvement Tr... have a number of plots in the city which could be utilized in building small bungalows or cottages costing between Rs. 5,000 and 10,000. The houses may be built of a certain standard approved by the Government or the municipality and given to the tenants or part payment of captial and rent fixed for a certain number of years till the transfer of ownership. This is done by Government in the suburbs on a small scale but private syndicates and even the Bombay Municipality could take up the scheme on a large scale. This will automatically solve the problem of overcrowding in the city and many slums will be removed from the heart of the city.

Popularising The Telephone

The resolution of the Bombay Municipal Corporation adopted at a meeting on Thursday evening, expressing the opinion that the telephone rates should be reduced, is worthy of consideration by the authorities concerned. If there is a reduction in the rates at present charged, more people in the City of Bombay would be induced to use the telephone. In a city the need and the importance of telephone can not be too much stressed. Almost all classes of people will find its use increasingly necessary. The telephone can be best popularised just now when the company is in a sufficiently strong financial position to do so.

OUTRAGE CHARGE AGAINST RAILWAY GUARD

Offering A Rupee He Assaulted And Tried To Drag Her, Says Girl Passenger In Kalyan Court

(From Our Correspondent.)
KALYAN, June 29.

The story of how a 15-year-old Hindu girl passenger was approached with intent to outrage her modesty on a local train by its own "guard," who is alleged to have entered the women's compartment of an electric train by a door connecting the second and first-class compartments with the guard's room on June 13 last was told in the court of Mr. H. G. Lakhia, the Resident Magistrate at Kalyan, when the case, in which Mahomed Anvarul Hassan Kazi, of the G. I. P. Railway, is charged with outraging the modesty of Samaju Jivraj, the girl, came up for hearing yesterday.

Mr. N. B. Yeravadekar, police prosecutor, appeared for the Crown and, Mr. E. A. Vaz, Advocate, for the defence.

GIRL'S EVIDENCE.

The girl, in her evidence, stated that on the morning of June with her brother-in-law. At 13 last she went to Masjid Station with his brother-in-law at about noon they returned to entrain for Dombivli. Witness entered the women's compartment and occupied a seat along other female passengers were about a dozen. H... ther-in-law was travelling in another compartment. After Thana witness was alone in her compartment. The accused guard entered her compartment by a door connecting other compartments. Offering a rupee, the accused asked witness if she would accompany him into another compartment. When the girl began to shout on his approaching her, the accused assaulted her as a result of which her nose began to bleed. The accused tried to drag her, but she held on to the bench.

CHARGE FRAMED.

Continuing witness stated that before the train arrived at Kurla station the accused locked the door he had come. Witness then changed her compartment at Mumbra. She related the ... ent to one Kasam Shet... quaintance of hers, ... at Dombivli and ... accused guard ... Her husban... to the sta... li.

The d... examin...

Telephone No. 22225. Telegrams "Chronicle"
Chief Rep. No. 22. Registered No. B-1087

The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 1, 1935

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

The annual convocation of the S. N. D. T. Indian Women's University was a particularly felicitous occasion this year in view of the compromise recently arrived at between the executors of the will of the late Sir Vithaldas Thakersey and the University authorities. For the last few years the atmosphere was full of ominous clouds, and grave apprehensions were entertained about the future of the University. It seemed as if the lifelong efforts of the veteran founder, Prof. D. K. Karve, instead of being crowned with success, were going to be frustrated at the eleventh hour. Not only those intimately concerned with the affairs of the University, but everybody interested in women's education in India heaved a sigh of relief when the terms of the compromise were announced. It is hoped now that the main difficulties in the path are removed, the University will find itself safely stabilised and that it will grow from strength to srtength. It would have been a very great pity indeed had this pioneer institution in the field of women's education been allowed to languish for want of proper sustenance. The S. N. D. T. Indian Women's University, though its appeal has so far been rather limited owing to the lack of Government recognition, is fulfilling a noble mission. It is a distinct departure from the stereotyped educational lines and a definite contribution to the cause of female education in the country. Its value is to be determined not by the number of alumni turned out every year but by the lead it gives to the country in respect of women's education.

Women's Needs

The presidential address of Sir C. V. Raman is, indeed, a vigorous justification of the aims and ideals which have inspired Prof. Karve and his confreres. Rightly did Dr. Raman remark that in the educational scheme there ought to be a recognition of the fundamental ...s of men and women. This ...tion indeed can be said to ...dimum mobile" of the ...men's University. ...many ladies who ...lled by cir- ...e courses ...our uni- ...gainsaid ...women ab- ...solutely essential. The cry of equality must not be understood to mean uniformity. Dr. Raman did well in stressing, therefore, that "The need to-day in India is for a kind of education for both men and women that would fit in with such of those ideals which are not inconsistent with our ancient ideals". One wonders, however, whether there ought not to be a new orientation of some of our ancient ideals. We would like to recall here a speech of H. H. the Maharajah of Baroda on a similar occasion in Bombay last year, when His Highness made an eloquent plea for discarding some of our old time beliefs and usages which have served their day.

Pioneer Reforms

Some of the special features of the University deserve to be better appreciated by the public and Government than they appear to have been so far. The use of the vernaculars as made even for higher instruction was first made by this University but has since been receiving growing recognition from several other Universities. Similarly, as Mr. S. S. Patkar, the Chancellor of the University pointed out in his address: "the new trends or departures in the Bombay University, viz., the inclusion of domestic science in the matriculation curriculum, a new element of option in the same examination, an option to write the examination papers through the vernacular and the bifurcation of the Science and Arts branches at the very beginning of college studies afford a triumphant vindication of the principles of education of this University". Similar departure on lines indicated above has been recommended by a Committee of the Calcutta University. Indeed, many of the recommendations of the Calcutta University Committee bear such a striking resemblance to the reforms advocated and followed by the Women's University that the latter, in the words of its Chancellor "may feel a just pride in being the pioneers of the new era in education that is bound to dawn in this country". This is not at all an exaggerated claim. The only cause for regret is that the Registered Universities and Government have not yet given to the examinations of the Women's University the recognition which they undeniably deserve.

...Verdict

...ports from ...dical lead- ...drafting ...shing res- ...he Skate ...Maharaja ...It ap- ...cerned ...muni- ...and ...con- ...ney ...dia ...o- ...ers ...ab- ...ers ...ers ...ers

...trous ...ds in Japan

... Torrential Rainfall ...housands Homeless

...MAGE ESTIMATED AT ...0 MILLION YEN

TOKIO, June 29.

...ve been lost in the disastrous floods following ...al rainfall.

...entres most seriously affected are Kyoto, where ...ss, Osaka where 60,000 dwellings and many ...n flooded and Kyushu where in addition to ...mber of miners have been trapped in the

...mage is estimated at 20 million yen.—Reuter.

...)" TO ...SOLUTION

...n Discrimina- ...st Foreign ...nies ?

...PARIS, June 30. ...of international ...merce ended with ... all being carried ...ept two.

... delegates voted ...lemning discrimi- ...foreign companies ...olution on ration- ...ping tonnage.

...ions included re- ... urging the least ...ntervention in the ... production, reduc- ...eventual elimination ...tion, close co-ordi- ... and rail transport, ...sion and cheapening

...ction to the resolu- ...ning discrimination ...n establishments is ... fact that India's in- ...in infancy and re- ... their growth artifi- ...ed—Reuter's Special.

...LLION ...ARS DEFICIT !

...INGTON June 29. ...tr... ...thus stil...

HOW BARODA FIGHTS DISEASE

Annual Medical Report Shows Malaria On The Decrease

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, June 29.

Naibdewan, Mr. Manilal B. Nanavati, reviewing the annual report on the working of the Medical Department for the year 1933-34, states that the work of the department was on the whole satisfactory. The department has been entrusted with the administration of the system of village dispensaries in the State. Under the scheme village dispensaries will be started which will offer first aid medical relief to all villages within a radius of three miles. The Government hope that the department would do everything to make it a success. It is gratifying to note that the Baroda Branch of the Indian Red Cross Society has been doing good work.

In 92 medical institutions 9,11,902 patients were treated against 8,92,601 of the preceding year. The number of foreign patients treated indoors rose to 703 during this year as against 572 in the previous year, while there was an increase of 3,000 in the outdoor section. Out of 58,264 surgical operations performed, 57,688 were discharged cured and only 38 cases resulted in deaths.

MALARIA ON THE DECREASE

Malaria seems to be on the decrease, as the number of patients ...ated has fallen from 2,11,592 in ... to 1,74,050 in 1933-34. ... largely be attributed to ...malaria measures which ... adopted in Baroda, ...Songadh, Vyara and ...es.

...ing the result of the ... years the progress of ...l department appears to ...ointing in every branch ...tivities. The number of ...receiving treatment at ...y and massage depart- ...s been dwindling year by

...ESS IN MATERNITY WORK

...Sheth Himmatlal Shirlal ... Ward, attached to the ...neral Hospital, the num- ...ses admitted for delivery ... from 1,281 in 1932-33 to ...he year under review. ...ress made at the Visna- ...ital and Maternity Ward ...tory. The progress of the Shantilal Maternity ... Baroda City was well ...d. Out of the 5,075 ...ported in the Baroda ... City midwives attached ...mnabai Maternity dome ...d 1,075 cases.

...anavati states that the ...ent are watching with ...he further result of the ...tion" method for the ... of cancer.

...epartment spent Rs. ...during the year as ...Rs. 0,93,472 and Rs. ...n 1932-33 and 1931-32 res-

MATRIMONIAL COURT, SURAT

...B. Modi Recommended ...or Nomination As Delegate

...m A Correspondent).

SURAT, June 30.

... request of the Collector ... a meeting of the Parsi ... of the City and District ...vened to-day by Meher- ...iar Davar Tehmuras Ka- ...di, at the Naginchand in- ...o recommend a fit person ...nation as delegate of the ...atrimonial Court, in place ... Bahadur Framji Dinshaw ... Kamdin (deceased) when Sardar Davar Modi presided.

Mr. Shehriar Barjorji Modi, an honorary First Class Magistrate, was unanimously nominated, and his name was requested to be forwarded to the Collector for approval and confirmation.

SIX KILLED & SEVEN INJURED

Two Italian War Ships Collide During Night Manoeuvres

ROME, June 29.

Six members of the crew were killed and seven slightly injured when the Italian "naval scouts" "Nicolozeno" and "Lanzerottomalocello" collided during the night time manoeuvres without lights, off Taranto.

The damaged warships reached Toranto without assistance.—Reuter's Special.

SIND COWS ACCLAIMED ABROAD

Need For Scientific Breeding To Prevent Their Extinction

The red cow of Sind is acclaimed abroad as the milch and dairy cattle par excellence though its very owners are hardly aware of its merits.

The Sind cow yields on an average about 30 lbs. of milk per day at Karachi and about 25 lbs. at Mirpurkhas, besides 5 to 6 lbs. for rearing the calf. In view of the fact that there is very little green fodder available for it, the yield is quite considerable.

The price of the cow varies from about Rs. 100 to 300. It is not very numerous, its home being restricted to a narrow strip of land along the Karachi sea coast.

SCIENTIFIC BREEDING WANTED

Despite the existence of many pinjrapoles, there is a danger of the breed becoming extinct shortly, if proper measures are not taken to augment their number by scientific breeding. A small number of them are slaughtered for beef but the greatest drain is in the shape of export to other countries. Foreign dairy experts keenly appreciative of the superiority of the breed, pay handsome prices and ship them in lots to countries like South America, Philippines, China and Japan. Only a year ago hundreds of these were exported.

The agricultural department have not been slow to scent danger and have opened a small station attached to the Mirpurkhas farm to maintain a nucleus of this breed and preserve it from extinction. Sufficient funds are not yet available to develop this important institution, but when these are forthcoming it is anticipated that a breeding station on the most modern lines will spring up there. As it is, bulls are maintained by the department and loaned to cultivators and urban dairymen for their cows.

PLOUGH CATTLE SUPPLY

Another problem that faces Sind is the supply of plough cattle. The red cattle provide a robust type of cattle, but the barrage area needs for its adequate development sturdier type of plough cattle than the present Thari cattle of the Thar Parkar district.

One peculiarity about Sind cattle is that the percentage of buffaloes to cows is very small, almost negligible. The finest buffaloes come from Delhi, Kathiawar, Gujarat and some districts of Konkan.

It is recalled in this connection that some years back when the cattle of the Tanjore palace were auctioned, bidders came from all parts of India, from Ceylon in the south and Delhi in the north, and paid fanciful prices for even old animals on the offchance that if they yielded one young one they would have obtained adequate return for their money. —Reuter.

The Kudal Deshastha Gaud Brahmin Viddya Vridhi Samaj

(From A Corresponden).

The Kudal Deshastha Gaud Brahmin Viddya Vridhi Samaj which held its 41st annual general meeting at Bandra, is an institution doing useful service in the cause of education.

The help rendered to over 500 students during the last 40 years amounted to nearly Rs. 1,10,000. This pioneer work in the cause of education is mainly due to the selfless and untiring efforts of the late Mr. Digamber Vasudeo Desai, Prof. Pandurang Bhikaji Naik, M.A., and Mr. Hari Suryaji Desai.

NO RE-ENTRY INTO LEAGUE

Hitler Came At Right Moment And Is Always Right, Says Goebbels

HE GAVE WORKMEN THEIR BREAD

BERLIN, June 29.

Dr. Goebbels addressing Hitler's Blackshirts, Brownshirts Hitler boys and girls in a demonstration at Tempelhofferfeld claimed, the fact that Britain had concluded naval agreement proved Germany again to be sovereign state.

"We want to threaten nobody and we want nobody to threaten us." The Army and the Nazi party will ensure external and internal peace respectively. Herr Hitler was not only always right but came at the right moment to give the German workmen bread.

Dr. Goebbels rejected as delusion the idea that Germany would re-enter the League.—Reuter's Special.

TWO HUGE NAZI DEMONSTRATIONS

On the eve of the anniversary of the purge of June 30, 1934, two huge nazi demonstrations were staged in Berlin, one in Sportspalast where 18,000 veterans of Berlin Nazi movement with banners, flags and songs assembled to listen to Dr. Goebbels, Herr Robertley, Herr Vonjagow and other prominent party members deliver speeches.

Dr. Goebbels turning to the foreign press representatives said: "let the foreign press be slightly less curious. Leave us to our troubles, and take care of your own."

Afterwards Dr. Goebbels left for Tempelhofferfeld where 150,000 more of Berlin Nazis gathered in a huge demonstration.—Reuter's Special.

EX-MAYOR & EX-POLICE CHIEF EXCHANGE SHOTS

PARIS, June 29.

M. Chiappe, ex-Police Commissioner of Paris, who was retired after the fierce riots of February 1934 fought a duel with M. Godin, ex-President of the Municipal Council, Paris. Each fired two shots, the first two went wide, but M. Chiappe's second bullet struck M. Godin in the right thigh. M. Godin stated he was unhurt. The shock was broken by the clothes and the bullet fell harmlessly on the ground, from which it was picked up, as a souvenir.

The challenger was M. Chiappe who considered his honour impugned in an open letter addressed to him by M. Godin. There was no reconciliation between the principals after the encounter.

Borotra-Poulain Dispute Settled

PARIS, June 29.

It is officially announced that the Borotra-Poulain dispute has been peacefully settled.—Reuter's Special.

BOMBAY QUETTA 'QUAKE RELIEF COMMITTEE

The Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee has issued their 9th list of contributions towards their Fund.

Through Gandhi Seva Sena Lady Krishnagowri Setalvad Rs. 500; (besides Khadi worth Rs. 500); Seth Damodar Anandji Rs. 250; Mrs. K. S. Ghaswala Rs. 200; In memory of N. H. P. 103; Mrs. N. P. Mangaldas Rs. 101; Sjt. M. S. Captain 100; Mrs. Radhabai Gaijar 100; Through Mrs. Manchaben Desai 119; Sjt. Pragji Champsey Rs. 50; Messrs. Ishardass and Co. Rs. 50; Through Miss Y. K. Surveyor from Central Bank of India Ltd. Rs. 50-12-0. Collection at Sri Cutchi Visa Oswal Sthanakvasi Jain Pathshala Rs. 108-1-11; "Om" Rs. 100; Sjt. Vithaldas Narandas Rs. 51. Amounts below Rs. 50— 555-6-3; Total Rs. 2,438-4-2; Previously acknowledged Rs. 57,016-9-6; Grand Total Rs. 59,454-13-8.

Fund Exceeds Rs. 60,000

The Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee, has issued their 10th list of contributions towards their fund:—

Bombay Kiriana Merchants Association Rs. 501; The Glassware Merchants Rs. 200; M/S Hasanally Bros. Rs. 51; M/S R. Madanlal & Co. Rs. 25; M/S Dewji Canji & Co. Rs. 25; Benaji Betiji Maharaj Rs. 20; Sjt. G. Nyalchand Rs. 15; M/S P. Nandlal & Co. Rs. 15; M/S Hasham Aloo Mahomed & Sons Rs. 10; M/S G. Chimanlal & Co. Rs. 5; M/S Cheung Tai Rs. 5; Sjt. Husein Jamal Rs. 5; Sjt. Yeshwantrao Re. 1; Total Rs. 878; Previously Acknowledged Rs. 59,454-13-6; Grand Total Rs. 60,332-13-6.

BRITAIN'S WORST ENEMY

Baldwin On Unemployment At Leeds' Demonstration

LONDON, June 29.

The Covenant of the League is the sheet-anchor of the British policy and there is no need to reaffirm our intention to fulfil all obligations under Locarno, declared Mr. Baldwin in a speech at the National Government demonstration at Bramham Park, Leeds.

Mr. Baldwin added:

"We continue unswervingly to follow the paths of peace and reconciliation in Europe and everywhere else. The objectives contained in the Anglo-French declaration of February 3 remain our programme. The Anglo-German naval agreement implies no deviation from the whole-hearted co-operation of Britain, France and Italy affirmed at Stresa. The naval agreement is a practicable forward step towards the eventual international limitation of armaments which, we believe, does not prejudice the French and Italian interests. I believe it is the first real practical move towards disarmament since the war."

THEIR WORST ENEMY.

Mr. Baldwin then referred to the effect of the steps of Government taken to rebuild Britain and said: "Unemployment was the worst enemy. I never promised and never will promise to cure but we effected improvement by creating confidence. In the first five months of 1935, we raised the export trade by 27 millions sterling compared to two years ago."

Mr. Baldwin referred to the improvement of a number of industries including steel which he prophesied will be the greatest steel industry of the world within a few years.—Reuter's Special.

R. A. F. PAGEANT AT HENDON

LONDON, June 29.

Brilliant weather brought London out for Britain's greatest week-end tennis and cricket including the Test Match with South Africans while over a half million saw the R.A.F. pageant at Hendon, magnificent display by bombers fighting machines, and exhibitions of stunt flying. The famous comet winner in the England-Australia air-race also gave an exhibition flight and wirelessly controlled an unoccupied plane shown on the ground.

An R.A.F. pilot crashed and fortunately was unhurt, the machine being only slightly damaged.

The Duke of Kent visited the display and took "fly-past".—Reuter's Special.

Nagpur, June 30.—The work of the reconstruction of the C. P. Secretariat which was burnt down in May last is nearly completed and the Secretariat offices which are now scattered all over the civil lines will reassemble at the reconstructed building in a week's time.—United Press.

(Continued from Col. 7)

cle. But a provisional agreement between Britain and America stabilising the sterling and dollar may enable the "gold bloc" countries also to stabilise their currencies on a devaluated basis and thus facilitate an agreement for the international stabilisation of exchanges. And so a lead by the principal countries seems necessary.

* * * *

The white metal market has witnessed almost panicky conditions throughout the week. The evasive replies of Mr. Morganthau the U. S. Treasury, and the absence of any American purchases of silver in any of the international markets have unnerved even the boldest of bulls. The liquidation of the tired bulls coupled with bear hammering has caused a precipitous fall in the price of silver. But the news of American purchases in the London market at lower levels has of course stemmed the fall.

Rumours are fazing out that there may be a reversal of the American silver policy as the U. S. Administration has been irrevocably committed to the silver purchasing policy till the desired ratio of gold to silver is obtained, and as a large group of Senators —the silver bloc—continues to have a dominant position in the Senate it is baseless to expect any such reversal. The evasive replies of Mr. Morganthau may only mean to check the nefarious activities of unscrupulous speculators. The fact that the American Treasury is making purchases of silver at lower levels is a sure indication of their willingness to continue their silver policy. It may be confidently expected that the U. S. Treasury may pursue a gradual and progressive purchasing policy so as to avoid the increasing speculative activity. And so there is no reason to apprehend that silver may register further lower levels.

THE WORLD OF FINANCE

A Weekly Survey

(By "Zandhyala")

Markets are rather irregular Operators are hesitant. In the absence of any stimulating news the markets are evincing a drooping tendency. Bears are having a good time. The white metal prices once again registered a serious drop. The cotton market seems to have reached a stalemate. The Steels are subjected to serious bear raids.

Disturbances in the calm international political atmosphere appear imminent. The Italy-Abyssinian question is again causing anxiety. The Anglo-German naval agreement which it is expected would form a basis for an International agreement had a cold reception in some of the European countries.

But uncertainties like the "gold bloc" scare and others are now definitely over. Uncertainty in America can no longer be any cause of anxiety as President Roosevelt has succeeded in bringing the whole situation under his control. The House of Representatives has passed the A.A.A. and the President has instructed for the speeding up of the huge expenditure programme. But the cotton loan programme remains uncertain till August with many of the uncertainties over, one may naturally expect brighter markets, but the vagaries of the weather may seem to be the dominating factor in determining the future trends of the markets.

* * * *

The problem of stabilisation of the International exchanges is once again in the forefront of the International Chamber of Commerce. It has been universally recognised that stabilisation of currencies and exchanges is the "sine qua non" for the restoration of the world from the present economic blizzard.

Ever since the breakdown of the London Conference by the flat denial of President Roosevelt to the question of the stabilisation of currencies, many a country have evinced their desire to participate in any agreement for an international stabilisation, as they have realised the fact that the International trade is continuously harassed by restrictions, quotas and tariffs. Recently America has made a gesture of her willingness for a general stabilisation, but she is not willing to lead a unilateral stabilisation of the dollar. A group of Senators in America has urged President Roosevelt to endeavour for the stabilisation of currencies, and thus to accelerate the trade revival. Britain, despite her substancial benefits by virtue of her under valued currency, is also willing for an agreement to the stabilisation of international currencies, provided there is no chance of its breakdown again in future. The "gold bloc" is another stumbling bloc. They are not prepared to devalue their currencies so as to facilitate an agreement for a general stabilisation lest the other countries might take advantage by a subsequent devaluation of their currencies.

* * * *

Despite these difficulties, it is reported that a resolution will be submitted at the Plenary session of the International Chamber of Commerce this week end, demanding "provisional" stabilisation of exchange rates, as it is declared that a stabilisation on a gold basis is imperative for world economic recovery. It also urges the concerned principal Governments to inaugurate immediate consultations to put into effect the agreement for provisional stabilisation and to take measures for adjusting their financial, economic and national policies so as to assure the functioning of the gold standard over a long period.

But the obstacles are too many to overcome. The prospects of such an international agreement seem rather remote unless the questions like tariffs, restrictions, gold payments for international settlements, etc., are settled. But these are again dependent on the question of the stabilisation of the currencies. And so it seems rather difficult to break this vicious cir-

Continued In Column 5

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CONGRESS AND OFFICE

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With the initiation of the present Council policy of the Congress, there can be no two opinions, regarding the acceptance of offices. The Congress must accept office. This will surely have the desired effect of depriving the callous, the unscrupulous, and the unpatriotic, of their only bait. Communalism must go; injustice must go; and with these national vices, their traditional political votaries. The long and inglorious dynasty of political sycophants and political renegades must come to an end. Congressmen with a history behind them, can always be relied upon to utilize their positions of power (with all their handicaps and limitations) to strengthen the objective of the Congress, and spread its cult, in the very citadel of the bureaucracy. The Irish model must be the Indian model. Ere long, the very complexion of the administration of the country, must partake of that of the Tricolour flag.—Yours, etc.

Bombay. V. B. SHANBHAG.

Unity In Karnatak.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—One of the problems with which we the people of Karnataka are faced at present is how to bring about solidarity. A great obstacle in our way is the erroneous notion which a section of the Kannada-speaking people of Karnatak entertains about the relation between the language of a people and the good of their country. There is unfortunately a tendency even among some of the leaders of Karnataka to look upon the Non-Kannada speaking people of Karnatak as aliens. This poison, I am afraid, is spreading fast day by day and it is high time that we should awake to the reality of our situation as the sooner this poison is wiped out the better for the people of Karnatak.

Karnatak is not necessarily the land of the Kannada-speaking people as Mabarashtra is not necessarily the land of the Marathi-speaking people. The truth is that when we are born, brought up and our interests are centered in a country, we are entitled to its citizenship no matter what our language is.

It would therefore be most imprudent on the part of any of the Kannada-speaking people of Karnatak to continue to look upon others as alien. Such an attitude will cost them the co-operation and sympathy of the non-Kannada speaking people of Karnataka. They must remember that they have a far higher task to fulfil, I mean the promotion of the all round interests of Karnataka. Let us hope our Kannada-speaking brethren of Karnataka will soon realise the truth and bring about the unity of the hearts of all "Karnatakas" which Karnataka so sorely needs and the want of which its comparative backwardness.—Yours, etc.

S. V. J.

The Amalner College Affiliation

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The impression in some quarters that the Amalner College affiliation was decided by a narrow majority of only one is due to a mis-statement of facts. In the light of the whole proceedings of the Senate in this regard, it will be obvious that the Senate were not by a majority unfavourable to the affiliation of the Amalner College. It was only on the condition about the building that the Senate was closely divided; and here also it may be pointed out that during the debate on the amendment for reference back, the members were mainly guided by technical grounds viz. that it was a new proposal which had not received the consideration at the hands of the Syndicate, and as such ought not to be considered by the Senate. It had no reference to the intrinsic merit or otherwise of the building itself. Once, however, the technical condition about the building was waived in the light of the new arrangement made by the K. E. Society as described in Mr. Joag's report, the Senate passed the proposal by a large majority.

Now that the affiliation has been granted by the Senate, it is up to the Government now to sanction it as early as possible and make it a complete fact. It is, no doubt, very regrettable that the Senate's affiliation should come so late and so little time should be left for Government to make inquiries before sanctioning the affiliation. But, if the Khandesh Education Society of Amalner are to reap the full benefits of the affiliation from June 1935 as passed by the Senate, they must get the sanction of the Government as early as possible. They have practically fulfilled all the conditions required of them. We say, 'practically' because we admit, there may be the reservation about the technical non-fulfilment of the condition about the building. Nothing, however, will be lost if the Government satisfy themselves with regard to the new building before giving the final sanction. But time is the essence of the whole thing and we wish the Government would expedite the whole matter to their utmost and thus help the cause of higher education in the mofussils—which has been their avowed policy of late.—Yours etc.

EDUCATIONIST.

A. I. V. I. A. And Socialist Economy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

With regard to Mr. J. C. Kumarappa's defence of the aims of the All-India Village Industries Association and his criticism of centralised Socialist economy, I would like to point out that production under Socialist economy being carefully set to a central plan of the means of production and distribution are made the instruments of Social Services. Instead of the condition being "little different from slavery" producers are assured of the fullest benefit of their labour in the form of security, leisure, recreation and knowledge as in Russia.

Such an economy does not merely substitute 'personality' for bread. On the contrary it gives them both bread and personality. The fullest use of science and natural resources will be made for the greatest benefit of the Society as a whole. And this is not possible without the power in the hands of society. To strive to achieve this power is the best service that one can render to his fellow-men. By its very conception and by its method of approach to vital questions of the masses, the A. I. V. I. A. seeks to drive the wedge between reality and realisation wider. By ignoring fundamentals, the A. I. V. I. A. is diverting the attention of the country and the immense energy of the masses into sterile paths. It neither draws the masses out as Mr. Kumarappa would have us believe, nor does it drive them to their goal. It simply consigns them to where they are, if not worse.

I am not here concerned with what queer opinions he holds about the Soviet system. But I cannot let go a significant statement he makes about workers being the privileged class of Russia. He says: "They (A. I. V. I. A. obviously) wanted no privileged class at all. Their programme was broadbased enough to benefit all sorts and conditions of men". Here he indulges in palpable self-contradiction and that is symbolic of his organisation. All sorts and conditions of men necessarily include the idle luxurious rich, the capitalist, the rentier and the landed aristocracy on the one side and the exploited working and peasant masses on the other. A programme that is conceived to benefit all these diverse and mutually antagonistic interests will not abolish class privileges. Abolition of all privileged classes means the establishment of a classless society, that is, socialism.

—Yours, etc.,

SOCIALIST.

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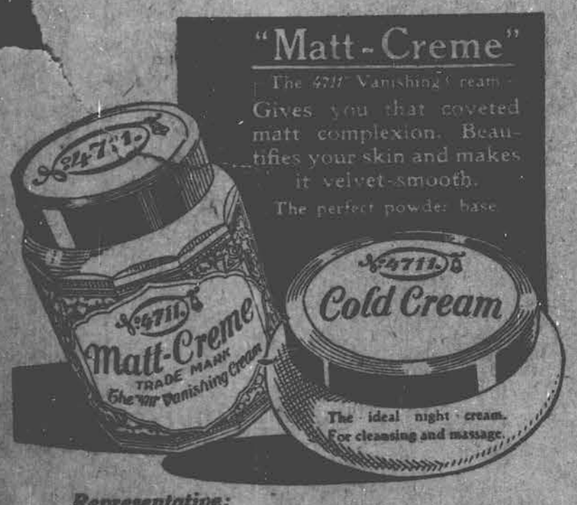

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ROBERT BLAU (India), Central Bank Building, Bombay.

INDIA'S INTERESTS OVERSEAS

Colonial Association Appeals For Vigilance

ETAWAH, June 30.

The annual general meeting of the Indian Colonial Association was held at Ajitmal at its office yesterday, under the chairmanship of Pandit Shree Kirshan Sharma. The annual report was presented by its general secretary Mr. Prem Narain Agarwal which was adopted in toto. After this, office bearers for the coming years were elected, Pandit Tota Ram Sanadya of the Satyagrah Ashram, Ahmedabad, was elected president and Mr. Prem Narain Agarwal was re-elected general secretary. Swami Bhawani Dayal Sanyasi from South Africa continues to be its patron.

DEMAND FOR OVERSEAS SECRETARY.

In all four resolutions were passed.

The first resolution endorsed the resolution of the council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association of Bombay in which they requested the Government of India to have a separate secretary in-charge of the interests of the Indians Overseas.

ZANZIBAR AND FIJI.

In the second and third resolutions the general meeting drew the attention of the Government of India to the grave situation of Indians in Zanzibar due to the recent changes in the trading facilities for Indians which would result in the gradual eviction of Indians and the recent proposed changes in the constitutions of the Municipal councils of Fiji islands in which the principle of nomination is being adopted in place of election. Rumours are current that the same system is also to be adopted in the matter of the Fiji Legislative Council which requires immediate attention of the Government of India before it becomes law.

DANGER AHEAD.

In the last resolution an appeal is made to the people of India and leaders of all shades of opinion to look to the interests of Indians Overseas who are receiving a set back owing to the negligence of their cause which is in reality becoming graver every day. It asserts what is happening to-day in Zanzibar, Fiji and East Africa will soon happen in other colonies where there is more or less little trouble if Indians would continue to show the same carelessness to their interests. In its opinion it is the most critical time in the history of the Overseas Indians, which, if overlooked at this time, may bring untold miseries to them.—United Press.

FIGHTING MIDDLE-CLASS UNEMPLOYMENT

Result Of Bengal Scheme For Students

CALCUTTA, June 29.

The Government of Bengal have issued the following communique:—

"Many students so far trained by the Department of Industries in the manufacture of Brass and Bell-metal wares in furtherance of the scheme for relieving unemployment among the middle class youths of Bengal, have either opened small factories of their own or have secured employment in the existing factories. The Department have accordingly decided to enlist a fresh batch of students for giving them free training in the manufacture of brass and bell-metal wares. The full course will cover a period of 7 to 8 months.—United Press.

Counterfeiter Jailed

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, June 29.

Mr. D. C. Joshi, I.C.S., Additional Sessions Judge Poona, sentenced yesterday Bahim Bapu Chavan to a term of rigorous imprisonment for three years under Section 235 I. P. C. on a charge of counterfeiting coins. Bahim was arrested in a cave in the hills behind the Fergusson College while counterfeiting coins on the 25th January.

THE THREE SPECTRES

(Continued from page 6).

with multitudinous parties, political social and economic panaceas, leaders. It seemed as times as though everybody in Germany wanted to be a leader.

This picture is not very far from that of our own.

The Strongest Ties

It was to cure such a state of things that Hitler captured power in Germany. And from the standpoint of consolidation of national power and defense strength he was remarkably successful. This fact no one who is not carried away by his emotion can deny.

Not only has Hitler liquidated political parties and political divisions but he is trying his level best to liquidate religious divisions and the entire extraneous religious influence of Christianity. There is a lesson for India to learn from the Nazis and that lesson is that the ties of NATIONAL SOIL and NATIONAL (racial) BLOOD are stronger than the ties of religion or economics.

Many inhumanities that Hitler and his followers have committed can never be condoned, but may be understood, though. The German parties, even when disaster was overtaking them and they knew it, could not make up their mind to bury their differences and stand together. They never remembered the exhortation of a famous American revolutionary leader who declared to his squabbling colleagues: "If we do not hang together we will hang separately." And now the German parties have been hanged separately. (What a beautiful lesson for India!)

"L'andace"

And Hitler would have certainly courted disaster to have let these petty intriguing parties continue and obstruct him in overthrowing the unjust treaty impositions of the former victors. They would have certainly blocked him in denouncing unilaterally the military clauses of the Versailles treaty.

Hitler has proved again that audacity is effective in politics and also that one has to dare and TAKE what he wants and not beg for it. Nobody lets his power go unless he has to, nay, unless he is forced to.

There are those who predict disaster for Germany, for her "Aryan" rulers are not playing the game of politicts both national, and international, according to their rules. But they forget that 'their' rules are made to keep themselves strong and others weak.

Hitler's Technique

But Hitler is very resourceful politically. Just as he promised his followers to make "everyone of them a leader" (Was it not what every German wanted to be under the republic?) and when they started to assert their "leadership", liquidated them in the domestic field; so also has he a technique in the international field. And that technique is to keep as many neighbours of his as possible scared and guessing so that he can reach beyond them for alliances.

At any rate, there is none in Europe to-day who is prepared to fight Germany, and Hitler knows it. To-day an intimate knowledge of international politics and a shrewd exploitation thereof is essential to any nation or national movement. Germans being their own masters in their foreign affairs they can take greater advantage of the foreign politics than we. And yet?

Role Of Insurance Companies In National Progress

RESERVOIR OF INDUSTRIAL FINANCE

Field-Workers Are Obscure And Unknown Soldiers

MENACE OF FOREIGN LIFE HOUSES

"Banking and insurance are the two most important departments of National Economy that have revolutionised the trade, commerce and industry of all countries.

To envisage modern civilisation without insurance is impossible as in its absence, none perhaps could have been able to contemplate undertaking mammoth industrial activities, the development of large scale business and all other enterprises.

It would be no exaggeration to say that insurance by now has become an integral part of the commercial and social life of all countries and more so of our country where we are in greater need of help in all spheres of life." Thus declared Mr. Amritlal Ojha, presiding over the fourth Conference of Indian Insurance Companies' Field Workers at Calcutta on 28th June.

He said:

I may first refer to our fire, accident and marine insurance as it is in these branches of insurance business that India has been placed in a very critical position. The seriousness of the position can very well be understood from the fact that in 1932 there were about 150 Companies which were constituted outside India and were doing business in India. Indian Companies have to struggle very hard against these foreign Companies who are possessed of vast resources and have almost monopolised certain branches of this business. This state of affairs does not augur well for our Companies.

FOREIGN DOMINATION

The country whose insurance business is under foreign domination, is for ever doomed to economic dependence. Insurance is a safe business which can accumulate capital year after year and if such national accumulation of capital is handed over to foreigners not only do our trade and industry lose the benefit from that capital but would actually strengthen the very hands of the foreigners against whom our trade and industry have to contend.

During the last three years many more Companies have been set up which go to prove that Indians are also rapidly becoming insurance-minded. Yet it cannot be said that a very appreciable progress has been made in this direction.

ENORMOUS RESERVOIR

I take this opportunity of requesting the prospective clients that if Indians make it a point always to patronise sound Indian Companies, the tremendous drain of Indian money to foreign lands would be stopped. It is from this enormous reservoir that the very first requisite of industry viz., capital will be supplied for the industrial advancement of India. Huge commercial and industrial enterprises would then be taken up and the heart-rending problem of unemployment and under-employment would be solved to a very great extent.

Field-workers are undertaking a doubly responsible task—responsible to the Company from whom they get remuneration and as such whose interests they are bound to preserve and also responsible to the public whose well-earned money they are advising to be invested in insurance. It is to discharge this double responsibility that they are called upon to use their skill and knowledge.

UNKNOWN SOLDIERS OF COUNTRY.

To-day the task of the field-worker has become comparatively easier. With the growth of consciousness among the people about the benefits of insurance he has not to face the odds which his brothers had to do about twenty years back. At the same time his responsibilities have in no way diminished. I may on the contrary add that they have increased considerably. Field-workers are those silent workers who directly contribute their quota by becoming instrument in achieving national prosperity of the country and thus indirectly serving the cause of the motherland. They are obscure and unknown soldiers who fight for the uplift of the motherland without the least desire of having their names printed in golden letters.

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH

Difficulties Of Insurance Field Workers

In the course of welcome address, Mr. B. K. Basu, Chairman of the Reception Committee said:

The cause of Indian Insurance is our own cause as we are labouring and fighting for the same.

CONNECTING LINKS

In matters of insurance business especially the Life Insurance, the Field-workers are the connecting links between the Companies and the Propponents. They go from door to door and sell "Policies" to the insuring public. The insuring public in most of the countries, especially in India, where Insurance is only taking its root into the soil, scarcely insure of their own initiative. They are to be canvassed, they are to be convinced of the utility of insurance and they are to be pressed for placing proposals for assurance. It is indeed a very hard and difficult task.

Intelligence of great tact, dogged tenacity tion and last siasm and larg quired for the manship. The judgment, and deep insigh psychology and skill in dealing kinds of temper ings and above magnetism of a der are required successful Insura Moreover, he must fighter. He must undergoing any must withstand rebuff and disap supreme calmness great self-possessio "defeat" must be code of life. Such ers, full of enthusi age, are these Insu workers.

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MENACING PROBL

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GRAFT MANGOES
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FIGS AND DATES
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SCHOLARSHIPS FOR T. B. SPECIALISTS

Fascist National Federation Offer

SIMLA, June 29.

The Italian Fascist National Federation against Tuberculosis placed six scholarships at the disposal of the International Union against Tuberculosis, Paris, at the "Carlo Forlanini" Institute in Rome for the session November 15th, 1935, to July 15th 1936. These scholarships are intended for the foreign medical practitioners who are already familiar with tuberculosis problems and who wish to improve their knowledge of this branch of medicine.

A circular letter was issued by the Union Secretariat to all the 43 Governments and organisations which are its members asking them to recommend suitable candidates from their respective countries.

Applications from graduates of medicines were invited by the King George Thanksgiving (Anti-Tuberculosis) Fund headquarters through the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Directors of Public Health and Chief Medical officers of Railways and also direct through a press communique. As many as 65 applications were received and the following 2 candidates have been recommended from India:

1. Dr. S. M. Majumdar, M.B., Calcutta'
2. Dr. Nanda Lal Mukerji, M.B.B.S. Patna.

The final selection will be made at the summer session of the executive committee of the International Union against Tuberculosis to be held in Paris.—United Press.

Stabbing Affray At Poona

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, June 29.

The Budhwar Chowk tonga stand, just behind Faraskhana the city police station in heart of the city was the scene of a stabbing affray last afternoon. It appears that following an altercation one Mahomed Amin stabbed with knife another Abdul Karim, who was immediately taken by the police to the Sassoon Hospital. Mahomed has been put under arrest.

Journalism In Assam

(From A Correspondent.)

TEZPUR (Assam)

(By Mail.)

Assam commences a new era in its provincial journalism.

Hitherto there was not a single daily newspaper in the whole of the province, but three announcements from Jorhat and Gauhati State that a tri-weekly in vernacular and a daily from next middle of July and fifteen-year-old "Assamiya" of Gauhati are going to be published as daily from the month of July.

Baghdad, and Egypt, but it thrives very well in Sind conditions. The Agricultural Department have a definite scheme before Government for the production of this fruit in Sind so as to make the country self-sufficient in regard to this fruit. India imports roughly a crore worth of this fruit every year.

Besides this other desert fruits can travel long distances and can be cultivated and transported in cold storage to markets like Madras, Bangalore and Bombay.

Among miscellaneous fruits come peaches, plums and pears which have taken kindly to the Sind soil and are being tried at the Mirpurkhas farm, and when successful they will be popularised among the people. They have opened a sub-station in Larkana where planting is in progress and results are expected shortly. Nursery work has also been started there for local supply and for relieving Mirpurkhas of its great burden.

POTATOES.

Potatoes are another important product of Sind. About 80,000 maunds of potato seeds are required every year for Malir tract alone and it comes from Italy. As the yield is one to five, that is one of seed to five of yield, it is not a paying proposition. They are trying to have their sources of seed and this will be kept in cold storage till it is required for sowing; otherwise there is a loss of 80 per cent. There are three planting dates for potatoes. The earliest is September. The home-grown seed which is got in April is kept in cold storage, in connection with which the Agricultural Department is making investigations. The second is mid-October, the seed coming from Italy but as said above it is costly and does not pay the cultivator. The third season is February when we get Italian rose variety seed which ripens in April and this seed is used for home-growing purposes. —A.P.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6)

growing, on account of the publication of Mr. Lloyd George's Peace and Reconstruction manifesto. Two strong rival camps are now being formed in the Free Churches and I am informed that there will be much plain speaking from different platforms against Mr. George, his "New Deal" and his yet latest "Peace and Reconstruction" programme. Opponents of Mr. Lloyd George in the Free Churches are stating that it is his intention to form a new political organisation, chiefly based on the Non-conformist conscience, and they are preparing to resist this move by all the means in their power.

Blow To Pacifism

The pacifists and anti-militarists contend that the conclusion of the new Naval agreement between Britain and Germany following upon the secret negotiations conducted with Nazi representatives in London, raises additional dangers for the preservation of peace. As a result of the Pact with Germany, the British Government has not given its official endorsement for the construction of a huge German Naval battle fleet, but made an interesting breach of the Treaty of Versailles. British diplomatic circles do not hesitate to admit the technical breach of the Versailles Treaty, but they claim that it was done in the interests of expediency. They declare that France has no cause for complaint, for there is nothing in the agreement to prevent her from increasing her fleet as well. Thus when Germany starts rebuilding in accordance with the private arrangement with Britain, France by adding to her fleet should be able to maintain her superiority. As one critic pointed out, the arrangement will probably work out like this in practice, but that does not seem quite to fit the sanctimonious pronouncement of the British Government that it is "a contribution of the greatest importance to the cause of future naval limitation.

Reactions On Continent

The announcement of the conclusion has naturally been greeted with dismay and anger by the French Press. Between the lines it is possible to read hints of the rapid approach of the end of the Naval limitation agreements and the opening of an even more ruinous race. View is taken in France that the agreement marks the end of the Franco-British policy announced in the declaration of February 3, and which was strengthened at Stressa on April 17. In contrast with France, the Nazi Press is jubilant. The claim is generally made that the agreement is "a deed of historic importance because it has been reached on the basis of moral and practical equality, for which Germany has fought for more than fifteen years." All the German newspapers thank the British Govment. The joy and gratitude of the Nazis is after all natural, and the explanation is not to be found in the suggestion of the British Press that a naval limitation agreement has been reached, but that British backing has been openly given to a vastly increased German navy.

Eden's Visit To Rome

The Italian newspapers have refrained from commenting upon the visit of Mr. Anthony Eden to Rome preceded by his conversations with M. Laval, the French Prime Minister and Foreign Minister on the same subject. However, an official statement from Italy specifies the two subjects to be discussed in Rome during the week-end—the naval and air problems, but makes no mention of the Abyssinian dispute. This has led to the supposition that Abyssinia will not be touched upon or only raised at the last moment. On the other hand, feeling is gaining ground that it is quite possible that Mr. Eden may have something to say to Signor Mussolini about Italy's threat to leave the League of Nations if that body takes action on Abyssinia's latest appeal. This indeed is his principal concern as Minister for League of Nations' affairs and is presumably the reason for his sudden decision to visit Rome.

I am told that M. Laval's view on the Naval question is that if bilateral arrangements were made for air and Naval armaments which were the two problems which interested Britain most, it would leave the question of land armament to be decided, and that would place France in a difficult position in view of the German point of view on that question.

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AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

New York, June 22.

	Season to date	This week	Corresponding. Season 1933-34	Week 1934
Total in Sight (excluding linters)	7,972	24	11,897	82 bales
Forwarded to American Mills, including Canada and other America (excluding linters)	4,684	65	5,437	68 bales
Exports from U.S. Ports	4,762	70	7,345	133 bales
Of which to Japan	1,521	24	1,788	50 bales
Of which to China	112	1	328	24 bales
Of which to Great Britain	756	10	1,245	19 bales
Of which to Germany	414	10	1,378	16 bales
Stock at New York	——	7	——	59 bales
Stock at U.S. Ports	——	1,313	——	2,564 bales
Stock at U.S. Interior Towns	——	201	——	1,222 bales
World's Visible Supply	——	5,438	——	8,031 bales
Of which American Cotton	——	3,713	——	5,725 bales
Forwarded to World's Mills, (excluding linters)	9,577	157	12,725	161 bales
Receipts at U.S. Ports	4,352	8	7,531	59 bales

N.B. All figures are in thousands.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 28.

Messrs. Forbes & Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices £ s. d.
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	26 0 0
Bengal Iron 7-1/2 p.c. Preference	0 14 0
Bengal-Nagpur Rly. Ord. Stock	104 10 0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	0 9 9
Cables & Wireless 7-1/2 p.c. Ord. A Stock	29 15 0
Calcutta Electric Sup. Corpn. Ord.	3 7 6
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy.)	1 12 3
Cawnpore Electric Sup. Ord.	2 3 0
Delhi Electric Sup. Ord.	2 17 6
Foreign Rly. Inv. Trust 5 p.c. Prf. Stk.	31 0 0
Genl. & Coml. Invest. Trust. Defd. Stk.	88 0 0
East India Distilleries & S F Ord.	0 19 6
Eastern Bank Ltd.	6 15 0
Great Western Rly. Ord. Stock	49 15 0
Hongkong & Shanghai Bankg. Corpn.	123 10 0
Imperial Airways Ltd Ord.	2 7 0
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	0 3 0
Indian Iron & Steel 7-1/2 p.c. Debs.	106 0 0
Rangoon Electric Tram & S . Ord.	2 0 6
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4-1/2 p.c. Deb.	94 0 0

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Bombay Agents:—
CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO.,
Princess St., Bombay.
109.

RUBBER SITUATION

Agitation For Devaluation Of Guilder

Messrs. Symington and Wilson have issued the following Weekly Market Report dated London June 12:—

The Whitsuntide holidays have intervened so that there have only been four full days for business since our last Report. The settlement of the French Cabinet crisis and the vote of confidence given to Monsieur Laval's Government has restored a certain measure of steadiness to Continental exchanges though it is recognised that the Laval Government still has great difficulties to overcome. In spite of a certain amount of pessimism in the press regarding affairs in America the Stock Market on Wall Street has shown a generally recovering tendency and America has continued a buyer of Rubber both here and in the East. An agitation seems to be gaining force in Holland for the devaluation of the guilder but little notice has been taken of this by the Rubber Market which on the whole has shown a rather better tendency. On Wednesday afternoon and on Thursday business was done in Standard Sheet on the Spot at 6 1/16d., on Friday transactions were reported at 6d. Yesterday the price was again 6 1/16d. while to-day business is recorded at 6 1/8d. Forward prices have also been steadier and show an advance of 3/16d. per lb. on the week.

SHIPMENTS

In our Report last week we were only able to give the gross figure of Malayan shipments for the month of May. These amounted to 51,353 tons. The figures of imports are now available. These were 12,345 tons dry Rubber and 11,375 tons Native Rubber (dry equivalent), making a total of 23,720 tons. This leaves nett exports of Malayan produce of only 27,633 tons against shipments of 37,331 tons for the month of April and against a permissible exportable quantity of 31,383 tons.

Actually of course this calculation is not accurate as it fails into consideration the variation in stocks. Figures just to hand which we give more fully below show that stocks in dealer's hands in Singapore and Penang and awaiting shipment show an increase of nearly 7,000 tons on the month so that nett exports of Malayan produce are probably about 33,500 tons.

Of the gross shipments for the month of May 9,959 tons (April 12,371 tons) come to the United Kingdom 30,452 tons (25,082 tons) go to the U.S.A., 6,490 tons (7,324 tons) to the Continent of Europe, 2,010 tons (4,335 tons) to Japan and 2,442 tons (4,248 tons) to other destinations.

The figures of stocks in dealers' hands in Penang and Singapore at end May came to hand this morning and show a total of 45,325 tons against 43,295 tons at end April Stocks awaiting shipment amount to 9,115 tons against 5,532 tons. Total stocks in the Straits Settlements outside the restriction area thus amount to 54,740 tons at end May against 48,827 tons at end April when however the figure was abnormally small, the figure at end March having stood at 55,100 tons. The increase this month is due to the very heavy imports which in turn arise mainly from the large shipments from the Dutch East Indies. Heavier gross shipments for the month of June would seem to be indicated.

EXPORTS

According to a "Reuter" message received yesterday the exports of Rubber from the Dutch East Indies for the month of May totalled 14,397 tons Estate Rubber and 22,434 tons Native Rubber, giving a total of 36,831 tons for the month against permissible shipments taken at 75 per cent. of quota of 25,000 tons. Total shipments for the first five months of the year from the Dutch East Indies amount to 131,738 tons and the permissible quantity taken at 75 per cent. would be only 125,000 tons so that shipments are nearly 7,000 tons in excess of the permissible quantity. Stocks of Native Rubber in the hands of certified exporters at the end of May were reduced to 5,660 tons against 9,155 tons at the end of April. Naturally the system adopted in the Dutch East Indies of putting the duty on Native Rubber up 2 cents per kilo at a time and giving about sixteen days' notice is an incentive to hurry forward shipments all possible. The duty was raised as from 1st June from 16 to 18 cents per kilo and notice was given at the beginning of the month that a further rise to 20 cents will come into force on 16th June. We take it that these rises should be sufficient to effectively check excessive Native exports as at this rate Rubber can only give a very poor return to the Native producer, bearing in in mind the inferior quality and relatively low selling price of the Native product.

The closing price of Rubbed Smoked Sheet on the Spot in New York yesterday was 12⅜ cents buyers (flat parity 6 1/8d. at exchange 4.94) showing a rise of 3/16 cent on the week. The closing prices for Rubber on the Commodity Exchange yesterday were —July 12.79 (last week 12.55), September 12.90 (12.68), October 12.97 (12.74), December 13.11 (12.83), January 13.18 (12.96), March 13.35 (13.12) and May 13.51 (13.28).

STOCK

The following figures give the movements of Rubber in the United Kingdom for last week, and for the corresponding week twelve months ago:—

Week ended 8th June, 1935.

Landed	tons
London	1,269
Liverpool	1,132
Total	2,401
Delivered	tons
London	873
Liverpool	366
Total	1,239
Stock	tons
London	96,483
Liverpool	72,605
Total	169,088

Week ended 9th June 1934.

Landed	tons
London	1,761
Liverpool	649
Total	2,410
Delivered	tons
London	956
Liverpool	457
Total	1,413
Stock	tons
London	43,308
Liverpool	54,295
Total	97,603

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

S. S. Vasna, Captain J. Rowe, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., from Basra via Karachi.

DEPARTURES.

S. S. Britannia, Captain G. B. Kelly, Agents Grahams Trading Co., sailed for Marseilles and Liverpool.

S. S. City of Mobile, Captain J. B. Pattison, Agents F. F. Campbell & Co., sailed for Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta.

S. S. Cape Race, Captain J. Ferguson, Agents James Mackintosh & Co., sailed for Calcutta.

S. S. Goalpara, Captain W. H. Hemmings, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., sailed for Rangoon via Cochin.

S. S. Dalgoma, Captain P. B. Beeching, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., sailed for Karachi via Coast Ports.

S. S. Mundra, Captain J. W. Parkin, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie, & Co., sailed for London via Aden.

LOADING.

S. S. Vasna for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi.

RISE IN CHICAGO WHEAT PRICES

Confidence In Silver

Bombay, June 29

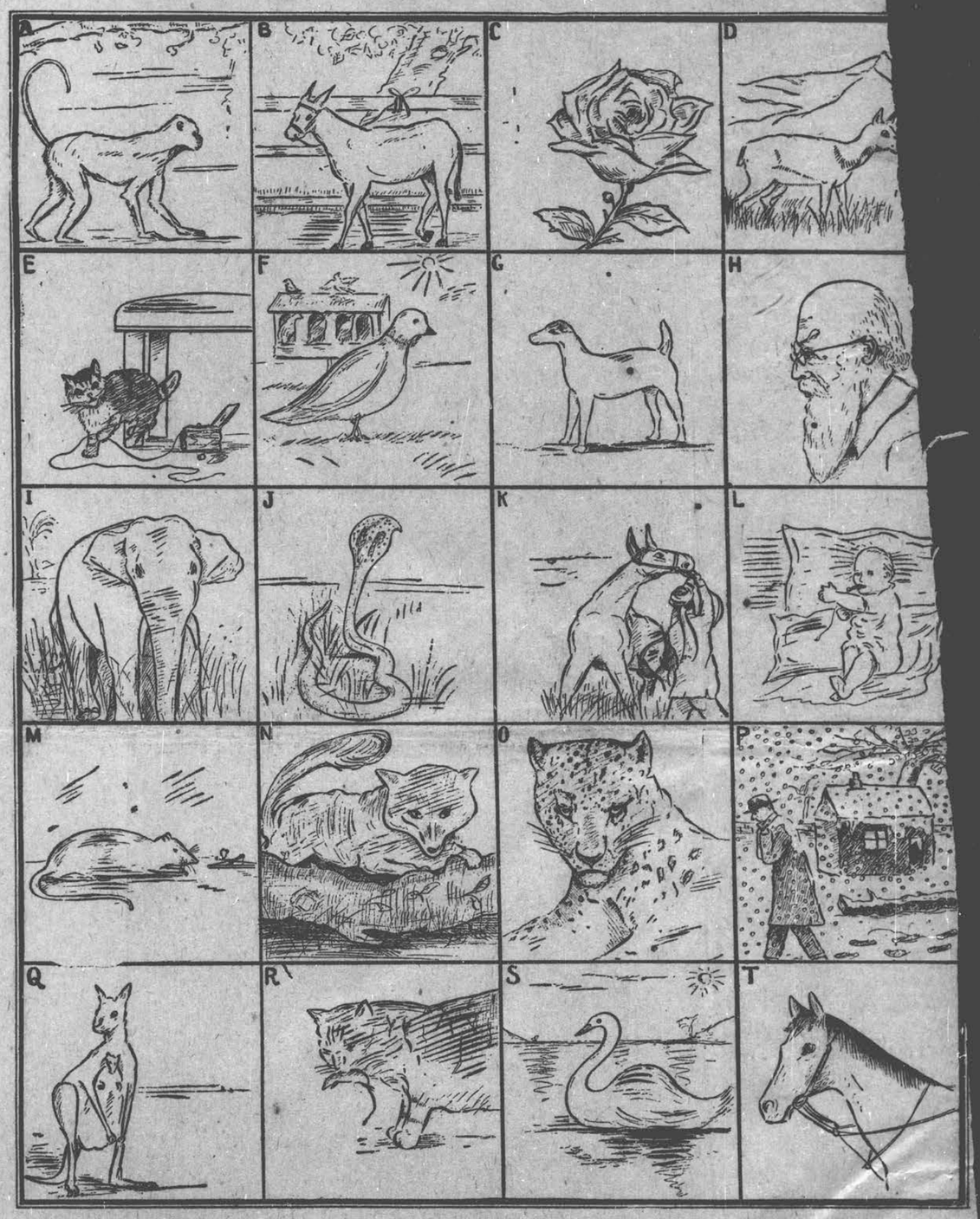
Wheat: An advance of about five cents per bushel took place yesterday in Chicago on reports of serious rust damage to the Spring crop. As we said before, should the Spring crop be sharply reduced and Argentine acreage also, be smaller in consequence of unrelieved drought, prices in Liverpool should see a good improvement owing to cheaper parity with Canada and America state Messrs. M and B Stern.

However, we advise taking profits on any good upturn in Liverpool owing to the disclosure that the Canadian Governments' wheat holdings amount to 228 million bushels which are in excess of all estimates. Canada during the current season only sold 50 per cent of her available export surplus and the opinion is expressed that they will have to lower their export price in order to complete with Argentine and other wheat in the world markets, particularly England.

Silver: Despite Indian selling, the continued American buying in London has renewed confidence. The heavy purchases lately made by America indicates that the Administration will carry out the purchasing policy undeterred by the fall in the world's markets.

SYMBOL Competition

1st Prize Rs. 500 | 2nd Prize Rs. 200 | 3rd Prize Rs. 100 | Consolat Prizes Rs. 20



In this interesting competition you are asked to find out what each of the illustrations represents or signifies and to make matters easy a list of clues is given at the foot. For instance, "Gray Hairs" generally signify "wisdom" so selecting No. 3 from the clues we put it against "H" in the coupon. Similarly in common parlance we say "white as snow." So No. 11 of the clues goes against No. "P" in the coupon.

LIST OF CLUES.

1 Obstinate.	6 Friendship.	11 White.	16 Sly.
2 Bounding.	7 Swift.	12 Wily.	17 Love.
3 Wisdom.	8 Faithful.	13 Useful.	18 Treacherous.
4 Playful.	9 Dangerous.	14 Sagacious.	19 Silly.
5 Baby Carrier.	10 Destructive.	15 Innocent.	20 Graceful.

Competition Solutions must be submitted on the Entry Coupon which will be found in the "Bombay Chronicle" Sunday Edition of the 30th June and 7th July, 1935. Closing Date 10th July, 1935.

WEEKLY SUGAR MARKET REPORT

BOMBAY, June 28.

Our Sugar Market ruled quiet throughout the week under review, offtake being on a moderate scale. On the whole Sept. prices declined by about 2 annas per cwt. Forward prices fluctuated within very narrow limits of about 1/4 to 1 anna per cwt. prices for Indian Sugar also declined by about 2 annas per cwt. The highest and the lowest rates during the week were:—

Java/Ready.	May.	June
Rs. 13/14/ & Rs. 13/12/	4/1/ & 4/0/	4/1/ & 4/0/3
July/Sept.		Octo/Dec.
4/2/ & 4/1/3		4/2/3 & 4/1/9

Java Market was quiet with 'Nivas' limits unchanged at F.4/ Arrivals:—S. S. Cape Race, S. S. Begum and S. S. Hilda arrived during the week with about 42250, 15500 and 9000 bags of Java Sugar respectively.

Offtake and Stocks:—Offtake during the week is estimated at about 25000 bags leaving the stocks of about 80,000 bags.

The following are to-day's quotations ruling the bazar:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 13/12/ per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 4/6/ per cwt F.B.H.

Shipment June Rs. 4/0/6 per cwt F.B.H.

Shipment July/Sept. Rs. 4/1/3 per cwt F.B.H.

Shipment Octo/Dec. Rs. 4/1/9 per cwt F.B.H.

Tone:—Quiet.

SEEDS.

London, June 28

Linseed Laplata Hull, c.i. ton, £9:5:0 June sellers.

Linseed Calcutta London, ton, £11:2:6 June|July sellers.

Linseed Bombay|London c. ton, £11:12:6 June|July sellers

Rapeseed Toria Hull|Cont. £13-0-0 June|July sellers.

Castorseeds Bombay c.i.f £11-17-6 June|July sellers.

POOL BUYING NEW C
AGAINST SALES TO R

Weather Somewhat Un
able In Texas

SHORT COVERING AND MILLS

Pool Talk Of 13 Cent

BOM

Government buying in New Crop months a 35,000 bales of spot cotton to Russia was an encou the New York market. There was some short coveri mills and commission houses. Prices advanced one

Crop accounts were somewhat unfavourable. Texas and Oklahoma crop is not doing well. Th of contracts.

On Friday the New York cotton futures market was active and strong on buying stimulated by less favourable crop conditions and covering by shorts. Government buying was an encouraging feature of the market while Russia, it is reported, bought 35,000 bales from the holdings of the Pool. There was steady short covering and buying by mills and commission houses which resulted in a sharp in prices.

The market opened at a rise of 2 points with October 11.37. This was the lowest level for the day steady and active buying resulted in a rise of 19 points from the opening but there was scarcity of contracts and the market closed at a net rise of 17 to 20 points. spot cotton prices advanced 20 points at 12.20 c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was fairly firm on increased buying and prices closed at a rise of 19 to 20 points spot cotton prices were raised by 20 points at 12.20 c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged with October 6.08. Trade calling absorbed hedge-selling. Subsequently near positions improved on month-end trade calling. There were fair offerings which prevented full response to New York improvement. It is said that the Pools istalking for 13 cent level. Prices fluctuated within a range of 4 points and finally closed at a rise of 4 points for near months and one point for distant deliveries. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 6.55 c. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed. at a rise of 2 points. At the close July was quoted 5.90. October 5.89 and January 5.65.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was scattered selling in this section. Sakels futures closed at a decline of one to two points and spot cotton prices advanced one point at 8.03. Uppers futures closed 4 to 2 points and spot cotton prices improved 5 points at 7.41.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was steady with a good demand for ashmouni contracts which closed 18 to 4 points higher. Sakels futures were quietly steady and closed at a rise of one to six points.

SCARCITY OF CONTRACTS

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—

With rather less favourable weather reports and continued scarcity of contracts, prices advanced further on trade and Pool buying accompanied by short covering.

Russia is reported to have bought 35,000 bales from the Pool necessitating the Pool replacing by purchases of new crop futures.

Complaints are again coming in from Texas and Oklahoma reporting unfavourable condition of the crop.

With better sentiment on Wall Street, the professional operators have taken up a more bullish view on the theory that there is a world-wide short interest. Although present prices are discounting a smaller acreage report further advince is not improbable should weather conditions continue unfavourable.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 11.56 plus 2 (2-54 p.m.)

Lowest 11.37 plus 02 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool October highest 6.12 plus 04 (3-15 p.m.)

Lowest 6.08 (10 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilll Mehta and Co. have received to-day he following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Nor positions firm, distants neglected. Small stock sustains the market. Wather reports are less favourable. Ou opinion is that the improvement is only temporary.

Liverpool: Market steady. End South calling. Good American sales. Bears bullish. Distants bearish.

New York: Pd, commission houses and mill buying advanced market contracts scarce. Crop reports rather favourable.

New York: Buing movement caused short coverin

New York: Pd is buying new crop futures because has sold 35,000 bales Ru The market is influenced pri chiefly by reports of black rot during heat. Although mar- ket is somewhat higher in the

all upturns.

New York: Professional traders continue to buy. Pool brokers and Wall Street buying. The market affected favourably by the advance in wheat. In Texas and Oklahoma crop accounts are unfavourable. Scarcity of contracts. Advance may go somewhat further but advise caution.

New York: Expect a further moderate recovery. Large short interest seems to exist. Market influenced by crop reports less favourable. Pool talk of 13 cents.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

Buying on Dallas News Report: Poorest crop prospects in the South and the West for several years.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 29.

July	....	11.83
October	....	11.50
December	....	11.51
January	....	11.52
March	....	11.54
Middling Spot	....	12.15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 29.

July	....	11.79
October	....	11.46
December	....	11.47
Middling Spot	....	12.20

NEW YORK

New York, June 29.

New York market closed.

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, June 29.

Day's receipts all U. S. ports 4,000 bales.

Day's exports to Great Britain nil bales.

Day's exports to the Continent 10,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 29.

	Opening	Closing
July	....	6.46
August	....	6.34
September	....	6.24
October	6.15	6.15
November	....	6.08
December	....	6.06
January	....	6.05
February	....	6.04
March	....	6.03
April	....	6.02
May	....	6.01
June	....	6.00
Middling Spot	....	6.57

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ALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 28

...rs. Batlivala and Karani have ...d the following report showing ...tions of the New York Stock Ex...ge:

	Dollars.
...Forn Power Com	4
...Forn Power 7 per cent P	26
...ric Bond Common	8
...ric Bond 5 dol Pfd	52
...ric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	59
...mbia Gas	7
...rican Tel and Tel	125
...tern Union Telg	34
...o Corporation	6
...apeake and Ohio	43
... York Central	17 1/2
...timore and Ohio R R	11
... R R	9
...nsylvania R R	23
...on Pacific R R	104
...at North Pfd	21
...ional Distillers	27
...am Walker	25
... Tobacco B	91
Canadian Pacific	10
Norway 6 per cent	106 3/4
Bethelehem Steel	27
United States Steel	33 3/4
American Smelting	42
Int Nickel of Canada	27 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	14
Kennecott Copper	17
Cerro de Pasco Copper	56
International Harvestor	45
Ford Motors of Canada A	27
General Motor	32 1/2
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	26
St Oil of N J	47
Atlantic Refining	26
Socony	12 3/4
Plymouth Oil	9
American Radiator	15
Eaton Mfg.	21
Chase Bank	24
National City Bank	22 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	400
Celanese Corp of Amr	26
General Foods	37
National Dairy	16
Du Pont de Nemours	10 1/2
Allis Chalmers	23

Total business 3/4 million

Market firm and moderately active. Eaton Mfg. has declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cts and also paid extra 12 1/2 cents. Carloadings down 58000.

WEATHER OVER COTTON BELT

East: Partly cloudy, showers probable.

Central: Generally fair.

West: Generally fair.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 29

The local silver market was very steady to-day on improved buying. There was utter absence of any selling as the market is oversold. Prices opened at Rs. 74/2 and advanced to Rs. 74/10. The gold market was fairly steady with moderate buying. Shanghai T T on London was quoted at 1-7 3/16.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	74 9 0
Ashad delivery	74 9 0
Shravan delivery	75 0 0
Ready gold	34 15 3
Ashad delivery	35 0 9
Shravan delivery	35 1 6

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, June 28

July 69.45—10

September 70.25 plus 25

December 71.35 —15

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, June 28

Spot silver prices remained unchanged to-day at 69 1/2 cents.

EXPORTS OF GOLD

Bombay, June 29

Bar gold of the value of Rs. 8,89,862 was exported from Bombay to Europe during the week ended Saturday, June 29. The whole consignment was shipped by the P. and O. mail steamer 'Rajputana' which sailed for London on Saturday. Out of this quantity, gold worth of Rs. 1,54,491 was booked to Amsterdam via London and the rest to London optional New York, Paris or Amsterdam.

The total value of gold exported from Bombay since Great Britain went off the gold standard now amounts to Rs. 2,30,47,65,027.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL

Bombay, June 29

London market—

Standard Copper Cash (buyers) £28-17-6

Standard Copper Cash (sellers) £29

Standard Copper 3 months £28-6-3

Electrolytic copper £33

New York market—

Blue Eagle unquoted

Non-Blue Eagle 7 cents

Bombay market—

Yellow metal sheets Rs. 30

Copper sheets Rs. 34-8-0

Copper Ashe Rs. 35-4-0

Yellow metal Ashe Rs. 31-8-0 (nominal).

Tone: Steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, June 29.

Market steady.

Spot 31-1/4.

Forward 31-1/2.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 29.

Gold Bars fine per oz., £7:1:4-1/2.

RUBBER

London, June 29.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb. 6-1/16 sellers.

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, June 29.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) stored.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, June 29

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 July

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 Aug-Jan

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 Feb/April

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8

Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32

Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.

Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 July

NEW YORK—

B C Rate T T 271 1/4

Banks selling T T 269 1/4

Banks buying T T 266 1/2

PARIS—

Banks selling D D 559

Banks buying D D 569

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 54 1/8

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 53 7/8

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 78 1/4

Banks buying T T 77 5/8

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 150 1/2

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 107 3/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN—

Banks selling D D 90 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.94 1/4 28th instant

Shanghai/London 1/7 3/16 29th instant

Japan/London 1/2 5/32 29th instant

Java/London 7.18 29th instant

London/Paris 74.50 28th instant

London/Belgium 29.20 28th instant

London/Switzerland 15.06 1/2 28th instant

London/Italy 59.53 28th instant

London/Berlin 12.23 1/2 28th instant

London/Stockholm 19.38 1/2 28th instant

London/New York, 4.94 1/16 28th instant

London/Amsterdam 7.23 1/2 28th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady. Gold £7-1-3 1/2 27th instant £7-1-3 1/2 23th instant

Silver London Ready 31 1/16 27th instant 31 1/16 28th instant

Silver London Forward 31 5/16 27th instant 31 1/4 28th instant

Silver New York Ready 69 3/4 27th instant 69 3/4 28th instant

London discounts 3 mos 13/16 per cent 27th instant 13/16 per cent 28th instant

London discounts 6 mos 13/16 per cent 27th instant 13/16 per cent 28th instant

Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1 1/4 per cent

3 Mos 3 1/2 per cent.

6 Mos 3 1/6 per cent

Tone: Easy.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, June 27.

	This Week.
Total Bullion	£193,300,000
Public Deposits	£ 16,200,000
(a) Other Deposits	£141,100,000
Government Securities	£ 96,200,000
(b) Other Securities	£ 22,600,000
Notes and Coins	£ 44,500,000
Notes in Circulation	£166,800,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	35.89 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits including Bankers	£102,400,000
(b) Other Securities including Discount and Advances	£ 10,200,000

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, June 29.

Interest day to day loan 1|4 per cent to 1|2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market loan 1|2 per cent to 1|2 per cent.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 3|4 per cent. to 13|1 6 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 3|4 per cent to 13|16 per cent.

Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2-1|2 per cent.

Fine trade bills 6 months market rate 2-1|2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, June 29.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe, parcels, 23|9 June sellers.

Wheat Barletta Russo, parcels 23|6 June sellers.

South Australian (wheat) parcels 26|6 June sellers.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, June 29

Wheat	3,562 cwts.
Linseed	1,604 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard-seeds	7 cwts.
Gingellyseed	190 cwts.
Groundnuts	2,835 cwts.
Rice	9,387 cwts.
Myrabollams	272 cwts.
Mowraseed	44 cwts.
Gram	2,466 cwts.
Joowar	370 cwts.
Barley	2,256 cwts.
Bajree	924 cwts.
Coal	2,308 tons.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, June 29

Ready Javas Rs. 13-11

S S Hilda Rs. 4-0-3

S S Gogra Rs. 4-1

Shipment J-Sept Rs. 4-1

Shipment Oct-Dec Rs. 4-1-6

Kesar Rs. 14-4

Saraya Rs. 13-13

Harinagar Rs. 13-13

Java Spot F. 4.00

LINSEED OIL

London, June 29.

Linseed oils naked London per cwt., 20|7-1|2 July sellers.

Linseed oils naked London per cwt. 20|9 Sept-Dec. sellers.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 29

Following a rise of 19 points in New York cotton futures, the local forward cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 214/12 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 214/4 on scattered realising. At the decline there was some buying which improved prices to Rs. 214/12 and the undertone of the market was steady.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 5 points and closed at a gain of 7 points. In the local market prices advanced to Rs. 216/4 and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A Rs. 230

Broach A/M Rs. 215/10

Oomra July Rs. 207

Oomra D/J Rs. 194

Bengal July Rs. 142

Bengal D/J Rs. 141.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 29

Bengal Superfine	163
Bengal Fine	155
Bengal F G	147
Sindh-Punjab Fine	155
Sindh-Punjab F G	147
Wardha-Hingt	230
Nagpur/Savner	232
Pundhurna	217/218
Yeotmal	217
Arvi	214
Ellichpur	214
Berar	209/211
Khamgaon	211/213
Mulkapur	207/209
Khandesh	205/207
Jalna/Sailu	205/207
Burwah/Sanavad	207/209
Broach Fine	235/237
Punjab/American	269/274
Punjab/American mix	249/254
Cambodia	304/309
Miraj/Sangli	...
Compta Good	264/269
Bagalkot	...
Kampala	359
Busoga	357
Jinja	349

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, June 29

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	13	252,950
Central India	373	107,498
Barsi and Nagar	4	107,564
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	46,511
Berar	...	400,575
Central Provinces	...	94,365
Total Oomras	390	1,009,607
Dholera	1,355	188,641
N W Provinces	157	35,337
Rajputana	...	43,003
Sind-Punjab	248	312,135
Broach	...	131,372
Coompta and Dharwar	172	84,811
Westerns-Northerns	510	84,713
Coobanada	...	326
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	235	73,114
Persian	...	2,644
American	...	69,598
Egyptian and African	1,594	331,719
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	711
Total	4,610	2,346,015

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sep to 27th June

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	193	367,773
Japan and China	4,896	1,068,157
Coast Ports	250	27,783
Up-country by Rail	...	221,632
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	12,028
Total	5,439	1,697,373

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 27th June 4,247 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 2,341,405 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,220,652 bales

Increase 120,753 bales

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 28

Broach J/A opening 227 1/2; highest 228 1/4; lowest 227 1/2; closing 227 3/4

Broach A/M 1936 opening 211 3/4; highest 213 1/2; lowest 211 3/4; closing 212 1/4

Oomra July opening 205 1/2; highest 206; lowest 205; closing 205

Oomra D/J opening 190 1/2; highest 191; lowest 190 1/4; closing 190 1/4

Bengal July opening 141 1/2; highest 142; lowest 141 1/2; closing 141 1/2

Bengal D/J opening 138; highest 138 1/2; lowest 138; closing 138 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach J/A 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 2

Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 31

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-7-35) Rs. 7 3/4

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1934-35	1933-34
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 28-6-35	4342000	7531000
Receipts yesterday 29-6-35	3000	15000
Exports to date 28-6-35	4762000	7345000
Stock at Ports 28-6-35	1313000	2564000
Stock at Interior Towns 28-6-35	201000	1222000
Stock at Liverpool 28-6-35	678000	990000
Visible Supply 28-6-35	3713000	5725000
Quantity in sight 28-6-35	7972000	11897000
Quantity out of sight 28-6-35	9577000	12725000

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, June 28

July 11.83—01

August 12.01 plus 04

September 12.11 plus 05

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 28

July 0.84 5/8 plus 4 5/8c

September 0.85 5/4 plus 4 7/8c

December 0.84 7/8 plus 4 3/4c

Better Enquiry For Hydro-Electric Shares

Scattered Covering In Steel Shares

MILL SHARES LOOK UP

BOMBAY, June 29.

The Share Bazar was fairly active with a good enquiry for Hydro-Electric shares. Prices recorded sharp rise on general buying. Tata Steel shares also fared well with scattered buying and short covering. There was good enquiry for Cotton Mill shares, which resulted in improvement in values. The undertone of the market was good.

It is generally anticipated that a final dividend of Rs. 40 will be declared on Tata Power shares making a total of Rs. 55 for the year. Tata Hydro shares are expected to receive Re. 1-8 in way of Jubilee Bonus over the ordinary dividend of Rs. 7-8. Andhra shares are also expected to see better dividends. The future of Hydro-Electric Companies is decidedly better and with strengthening financial situation, prices of shares are bound to score substantial rise in coming months.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, June 29.

100	Ahm. Advance	297 8
500	Bom. Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	820 0
250	Bradbury	108 12
100	Century	261 4
100	Central India	294 6
100	Colaba	136 4
100	Coorla	95 0
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	365 0
1	E D Sassoon	0 3 3
100	Finlay	111 14
100	Gokak	194 6
1000	Hindustan	1,555 0
100	Indore	69 6
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	198 2
250	Laxmi	660 0
100	Madhavji	5 0
250	Madras United	45 0
1000	Morarji	800 0
250	Model	49 6
50	Mysore	100 0
200	New Great	138 12

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, June 29

Century 261 263 260 261/4

Bombay Dyeing 815 818 814 818 816 817 820

Kohinoor 197 196 197 198/2

Central India 290 294 292 294/6

New Great 133 135 134 137 138/12

Simplex 73 75

Swadeshi 167 165 166

Bundi 38/4 38/8 38/6 38/6

I Cement 426 428 425 427/6

Punjab 28/4 28/8 28/6

Shahabad 490 491 489 495 493 497/8

Andhra 1735 1737 1732 1744 1740

Tata Hydro 179 178/12 179/1

Tata Power 1589 1595 1592 1602 1611/4

Tram Ord 150/10

T Steel Defd 631 632 630 638 635 642 641/6

T Steel Ord 147 146/4 147/8 164/8 148/8 148/4

Tata Steel 2nd Pref 174 176/8

Bellapur 325 326 325 328 326/6

B Steam 298 298/12

B Burma 340 341 338 340 342/8

100	Cosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	317 8
25	Sassoon Silk	38 0
1000	Sholapur	2,300 0
50	Simplex	75 0
100	Swadeshi	168 4
100	Swan	85 0
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1360 0
1000	Western	850 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	99 8
25-50	Central	38 8
500	Imperial	1562 8
125-500	Im. Con.	391 4
50-100	India	120 8
5	Union	5 3
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	38 4
70	Gwalior	127 8
160	Indian	427 8
40	Katni Dfd.	1626 0
100	Katni Ord.	423 12
75	Okha	257 8
10	Punjab	28 4
100	Shahabad	497 8
70	United	105 8
	INSURANCE	
15-100	Jupiter	12 2
15-75	New India	44 6
200	Oriental	4460 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 20
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	157 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1740 0
10	Ajmer	10 12
50	Bombay Tram	150 10
100	Bombay Suburban	177 6
10	Broach	11 2
100	Karachi	230 0
100	Poona	118 12
100	Surat	196 0
100	Tata Hydro	179 1
1000	Tata Power	1611 4
	RAILWAYS	
500	Ahm. Prantij	370 0
100	Amr. Patty	121 0
100	C Province	85 8
100	Dhond Baramati	94 0
100	Gujarat	72 0
100	Mandra Bhon	94 0
100	Pachora Jamner	85 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500	Tapty Valley	778 12
	MININGS	
10	Shivrajpur	28 8
30	Tata Steel Dfd.	641 4
75	Tata Steel Ord.	148 4
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
100	Alcock	162 8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.

Bomb , June 29

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 95/8

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 95/8

4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 108/12

4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 109/12

5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/9

5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/9

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1958/63 Mysore 106/6

5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117/9

5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8

6 1/2 per cent 1933 B D L 101/6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 101/4

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 102/8

4 per cent 1943 106/9

4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118/12

5 per cent 1939/44 109/4

5 per cent 1940/43 109/14

5 per cent 1935 100/2

5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 106/8

6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 100/14

CORPORATION LOANS (TAX FREE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 106/8

4 per cent M Deb 1974 105

5 per cent M Deb 1933 114

6 per cent M Deb 1954 120

6 per cent K P T 1936 126

6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—5 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened at Rs. 94/12/6, declined to Rs. 94/12 on realising but prices again rose to Rs. 95/5 on improved demand. Prices are expected to improve.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 28

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 33 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 297 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1934/50 3105 5/8

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 3108 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 3112 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 3116 1/2

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 3115

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1938/38 3104 7/8

6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1939/37 3101 1/2

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 53 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 3108

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 3106 1/4

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool:—

July 143 October 110 January 80 March 80 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/4

Bombay Liverpool:—

Broach J/A 230/8 Liverpool July 6.45 Rs. 80 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool:—

Broach A/M 1936 215; Liverpool May 1936 Rs. 46 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York:

Broach J/A 230/8 New York July 11.87 Rs. 36 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/4

Bombay New York:—

Broach A/M 1936 215 New York May 11.63 Rs. 46 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 29.

July 62—5/8d

October 63 1/8—1/2d

December 63 1/4—3/8d

March 63 1/4 plus 1/8d

50	Belapur Sugar	326 4
250	Bombay Steam	398 12
125	Bombay Burma	343 8
50	Bombay Burma Contg	115 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	2-3-0
50	Bombay Telephone	111 4
100	Indian Bleaching	123 12
100	Ind. Radio Defd.	513 8
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	502 8
1000	Port Canning	603 0
15	Scindia	13 14
30	Premier Construction	6 8
25	Tata Oil	13 9
	PREFERENCE.	
7	p.c Andhra Valley	1358 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	385 4
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	81 4
5	p.c. Central India	507 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	128 8
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	143 12
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	141 4
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1383 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	124 4
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	174 8
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	12 4
7	p.c. Wadias	98 8

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BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 1, 1935

Bombay Observes "Quetta Day"

"Subscribe Liberally To Relief Fund"

NAGINDAS MASTER'S APPEAL AT FLAG SALUTATION

"Subscribe liberally to the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund," appealed Mr. Nagindas Master, Vice-President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee while hoisting the National Flag at the Congress House on Sunday morning.

It being also the "Quetta Day" a large number of Congressmen were present.

The members of the Gandhi Seva Sena and the Bombay National Guards in their uniforms were at their posts and paid their respects to the National's Flag.

"QUETTA DAY."

Mr. Nagindas Master in the course of his speech said that the day was important not only because it was the last Sunday of the Month, but also because, the "Quetta Day" was to be observed as per orders of Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President. It is a known fact that the Government of India refused permission to the accredited Indian leaders to visit the quake stricken area and see things for themselves.

It was upto the citizens of Bombay to show their disapproval of the Government action in this connection by subscribing liberally towards the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Fund.

Arrangements had been made by the Relief Committee to make street collections towards the Fund on July 5.

CONGRESS MEMBERSHIP.

The Vice-President of the Provincial Congress Committee was glad to announce that the Congress membership in Bombay had reached the number of 20,000 while Bombay's quota was only 10,000. He congratulated Bombay for this

"SYMBOL OF OUR INDEPENDENCE"

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj Unfurls National Flag At Lahore

LAHORE, June 30.

"To-day, to-morrow or years hence independence we must have. This flag is the symbol of our independence. It is our National Flag. We must vindicate its honour at any cost".

Thus declared Seth Jamnalal Bajaj unfurling the National Flag this morning on the banks of Ravi river under the auspices of the Lahore District Congress Committee.

Many Congressmen including ladies were present; prominent among them being Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of Congress, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, General Secretary, Dr. Choitram Gidwani, Sardar Sardul Singh, Doctor Gopichand and others.

Mr. Daulatram and Dr. Gidwani arrived here yesterday.—United Press.

ORDERED TO QUIT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 29.

Birendra Nath Paul, Paresh-nath Biswas and Radhakanta Bose were declared smugglers of arms under the Bengal Smuggling Arms Act and directed to leave Calcutta for thirty-five, twenty-five and twenty-five years respectively.—United Press.

The Private Secretary of H. H. the Maharaja of Bikaner informs the Associated Press that H. H. the Maharaja accompanied by H. H. the Maharani will leave Bombay for Bikaner on July 1, reaching Bikaner on July 3.—A. P.

CONGRESS AND LOCAL BOARDS

Issues Before Karnatak Congress Committee

(From Our Correspondent.)

GADAG, June 29.

The general body of the Dharwar District Congress is meeting. Mr. Hosmani, the president being unable to attend. Mr. Anantrao Jalnal occupied the chair. Messrs. Divakar, Karmarkar and Hukkerikar are expected tomorrow.

Among the prominent members, Messrs. Veerangauda Patil, Walvekar, Shevade and Devapur from Hubli are attending.

Hosritti group of workers are taking keen interest. Mrs. Umabai Kundapur and Mrs. Indirabai Harapanhalli are also present. Local members including Mr. Andaneppa Meti are busy with arrangement for to-morrow's provincial meeting. The Congress constitution is being considered. The question of contesting local board elections is likely to be hotly discussed. Enthusiasm prevails regarding Mangalore resolution. Smti Kamaladevi and six other members from Mangalore are likely to attend.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH

Burt For Vice-Chairmanship Of Imperial Council?

SIMLA, June 29.

The question of the successor to Sir T. Vijayaraghavacharyar as Vice-Chairman of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research is engaging attention of the Government of India.

Sir T. Vijayaraghavacharyar's term of five years, it will be remembered, terminated in September last year, but it was extended by two six-monthly instalments till the middle of September, 1935. In connection with the rumour of a further extension, it is stated that he will lay down his office at the end of the extended period and some sort of temporary arrangement will be made to fill up the vacancy by appointinf a member of the existing staff of the Council.

Mr. B. C. Burt, the Agricultural Expert of the Council, is considered to be the likely choice. It is not known how long this arrangement will continue, but the probability is that Mr. Burt will continue to officiate until such time as the Government of India are in a position to release Sir G. S. Bajpai from his duties as Secretary to the Department of Education, Health and Lands.

A final decision in this connection is expected to be announced soon.—United Press.

Rawalpindi, June 29.—It is understood that the Punjab University has rejected the application of the D. A. V. College, Rawalpindi for affiliation in the Intermediate Science Faculty, Botany and Zoology.—United Press.

"SOUND MIND IN SOUND BODY"

Mr. Nagindas On Importance Of Cultivating Physical Culture

"For every Indian physical culture is a very important factor Every Indian should try his best to be physically as fit as possible. It should not be forgotten that Physical fitness means everything. It means good health and, wealth also. You should all remember that Physical Culture is the mother of courage, which all of us need, if we are to be a free nation."

So said Mr. Nagindas Master in the course of his advice to the members of the Kapole Vyayam Mandir on the occasion of the annual prize distribution ceremony, which was held on Sunday morning at the Vyayam Mandir at C. P. Tank.

Before the prizes were distributed the members of the Vyayam Shal gave an exhibition of their physical prowess. The organisers of the Vyayam Mandir, have been paying great importance to the physical fitness of the youth. Competitions in Sirasasan, weightlifting, lathi, balancing, etc., were held and much appreciated by the gathering.

After the Competitions Mr. Dharamdas Bharbhayya, the Secretary of the Institution in calling upon Mr. Master to distribute the prizes said that the Vyayamshala was trying its best to infuse into the youth of the city the great necessity of improving their bodies. He thanked Messrs. Trivedi and Thakore, who were mainly responsible for imparting the necessary training to the members of the Vyayam mandir.

Mr. Nagindas Master after advising the members of the Vyayam Mandir on the necessity of improving their bodies and asking them to remember the truism of "a sound mind in a sound body", distributed medals to the successful candidates in the competitions.

PRIZE WINNERS

The following were the recipients of the medals and prizes:

Messrs. K. D. Purohit and Rangildas Panchiga got prizes for proficiency in Asanas.

Messrs Girdharlal Shah, K. D. Purohit and Mansukhlal Bhatt got prizes for balancing.

Mr. H. A. Trivedi got prizes both in Asanas and lathi and Mr. Mansukhlal Bhatt got prize in lathi wielding also.

RAJEN BABU'S TOUR PROGRAMME

LAHORE, June 29.

The following is Babu Rajendra Prasad's provisional programme during his stay at Punjab from July 2 to July 5:—

July 2.—Visits Gujranwala; evening—Sialkot.

July 3.—Amritsar and Ludhiana; may also visit Jullundur.

July 4.—Ambala.

July 5.—Karnal.

He leaves for Patna on Sunday, July 7. Advantage will be taken of Rajendra Babu's stay in Lahore for settling minor differences among Punjab Congressmen.—United Press.

C. P. DELIMITATION COMMITTEE

NAGPUR, June 30.

The Provincial Delimitation Committee is in the process of formation. It is learnt that the local Government has asked 11 members of the Legislative Council if they would serve on the Committee.

It is further understood that the preliminary meetings of the Committee which will be in the nature of private sittings, will be held at Nagpur in July.

The Committee will be officially constituted after the India Bill receives the Royal assent and the meetings of the Committee so constituted will be held at Jubbulpore some time in December.—United Press.

Jullundur, June 29.—The District Quetta Relief Committee organised by the District authorities a few weeks ago, with Rai Bahadur L. Arjun Das, Deputy Commissioner as Chairman have so far collected a sum of Rs. 2,084 for the earthquake sufferers relief.—United Press.

SIKH-MOSLEM CLASH AVERTED

City Magistrate & Police Arrive On Scene And Disperse Crowd

LAHORE GURDWARA LAND DISPUTE ECHO

LAHORE, June 30.

A grave situation which might have resulted in a serious Sikh-Muslim clash was averted last afternoon in Landa Bazar by the timely arrival of the City Magistrate with a strong posse of police.

Several thousands of Muslims and Sikhs assembled in front of the Gurdwara Sahidgunj and raised slogans and counter-slogans.

The trouble arose when the Sikhs were engaged in levelling the land attached to the Gurdwara over the possession of which, there is a long-standing dispute between the Sikhs and the Muslims.

It is reported that at midnight about 3,000 Muslims again gathered and raided the Gurdwara and threw brick bats at the inmates; they removed the Gurdwara flag by force. The Sikhs also gathered when the District City Magistrate and the Senior Superintendent of Police arrived and dispersed the crowd.

Armed police are patrolling the area.—United Press.

INDO-BURMA EMPIRE AIRMAIL SERVICE?

RANGOON, June 29.

With a view to discussing the scheme of the Empire Air Mail Service with the Local Government and commercial bodies Mr. Bewoor, Director General of Posts and Telegraphs, and Mr. Tymms, Director of Civil Aviation, arrived here this afternoon from Calcutta by the Imperial Air Mail.

They are holding a discussion with the Home Member on Monday at noon and with the Burma Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday.

They are leaving for Simla on Friday.—A. P.

Nature Had Spared Neither Temples Nor Mosques,

MULTAN (By Mail.)

Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Congress, addressed a public meeting of citizens of Multan on Tuesday night. Dr. Gopichand Bhargava presided. A large number of Hindus attended. Dr. Gopichand in his introductory remarks referred to the claim that had non-official relief workers been allowed to go to Quetta many more lives would have been saved and in support of this claim mentioned the press story—since contradicted from Amritsar—that a man had been rescued alive from under the debris after 19 days.

Babu Rajendra Prasad in his speech mentioned that he gave up his Punjab tour last time owing to ill-health but the Quetta tragedy had compelled him to move out again. He had sent Mr. Kripalani first but he was not allowed to go to Quetta. Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram then started relief work in Karachi. They had not yet been able to serve according to their desires but they must avail of opportunities. A central relief committee had been organised to help Quetta sufferers. He thanked the Punjab and Multan people for their help in Bihar relief work but to-day they wanted relief themselves. Incidentally he laid stres on the need for conserving relief effort to produce the greatest benefit and not frittering it away.

Speaking about Multan he expressed grief that Hindus and Muslims were fighting on trifles. He appealed for communal unity and said their quarrels did good to none. Nature had not spared mosques or temples or churches in Quetta and there was no reason why communalism should be introduced in relief work. If people broke each other's heads Swaraj would fly away. Without unity, India would never be free. Punjab could be a great deal to help India achieve Swaraj.—A. P.

CO-ORDINATION OF RELIEF EFFORTS

Rajen Babu's Discussions With Lahore Workers

LAHORE, June 29.

Babu Rajendra Prasad had a busy programme this afternoon in connection with discussions regarding relief to Quetta survivors.

Accompanied by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and other local Congress leaders, he met the representatives of the various relief organizations when the question of relief was discussed threadbare.

Several suggestions were put forward and discussed; all the organisations promised to help and co-ordinate in this huge task.

AT SHEIKHUPURA.

Yesterday, Babu Rajendra Prasad was presented with an address by the President of the Sheikhupura Municipality on behalf of its citizens.

Rajen Babu replying to the address delivered the message of the Congress.

He received two cheques for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 200 on behalf of the citizens and the women respectively.

AT LYALLPUR.

He addressed another largely attended meeting at Lyallpur and later met relief committee members and advised them regarding co-ordination of efforts under a central Committee. The local workers agreed to the proposals.

Rajen Babu then motored to Jaranwala where also he addressed a meeting and received a purse of Rs. 500.—United Press.

SECURITY DEMAND FROM LABOUR PRESS

Dock Workers' Strike Echo In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, June 29.

A security of Rs. 1,000 has been demanded by the Bengal Government under the Press (Emergency Powers) Act of 1931 from the keeper of the Sridhar Sitala Press, wherein "Majdhur Dunia," a labour organ is being printed, for publishing in its issue of April 16 articles in connection with the last Dock Workers' strike in Calcutta.

The money will have to be deposited by July 2nd next.—United Press.

G. O.C.-In-Chief Of Western Command

KARACHI, June 29.

General Sir Ivo Vesey G.O.C. in Chief, Western Command arrived here this afternoon by the mail boat.

He was received at the pier by the large number of military officials.—A. P.

(Continued from column 7.)

decided to transfer the University office from Poona to Bombay from the 1st January 1936, and to turn the Bombay college into a full time college from the beginning of the next month, and have made arrangements for the professional staff, and equipment of the college. It is hoped that the college will turn out graduates equal, if not superior to, the graduates of the other Universities in point of general knowledge and mental equipment.

AN APPEAL.

I am conscious that the picture is not yet complete but I have every hoper nay confidence, that there is a bright future for this University. Every attempt will be made to improve the curriculum of the studies in the colleges and the High schools, and soon after the collection of adequate funds and satisfactory equipment of the colleges and high schools, a strenuous effort will be made to secure a charter for this University. In the meantime I hope that the older Universities and the Educational Department of Government will extend to this University the co-operation that is expected from them.

After the Convocation address by Sir C. V. Raman, Professor D. K. Karve proposed a vote of thanks. He showed how the University had strenuously fought the obstacles that stood in its way in the last few years.

UNIVERSITY TO [illegible]T WOMEN'S NEEDS

[illegible]atkar On Features Of [illegible]ckersey University

[illegible]OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND [illegible]'S THROUGH VERNACULAR MEDIUM

[illegible]nual convo- [illegible] Nathibai Women's [illegible]n Satu[illegible] Hall. Mr. [illegible] of the [illegible]ose present , Lady Ra- Dr. Paranj- University, Mackenjee Mehta and [illegible]Registrar of report of [illegible]ns held in [illegible]S. S. Pat- [illegible]e degrees. [illegible]ERSITY. [illegible]preliminary [illegible]raced the [illegible] and enu- [illegible]tic fea- [illegible]. meeting [illegible]ce would [illegible]to Bombay [illegible]bay was [illegible]erted into expressed [illegible]aduates of [illegible]n general [illegible]equipment [illegible]perior to [illegible]iversities. [illegible]g, observ- [illegible]DEL. [illegible]University [illegible]or D. K. [illegible]Japan's [illegible]a view [illegible]tion to [illegible]s which physical [illegible]nd would [illegible]te the r [illegible]e Indian [illegible] to its prosperity and general advancement through the influence which as good wives, wise mothers and responsible citizens they would exercise at home and the world at large.

The Indian Women's University is a teaching University and not merely an examining and affiliating body. It conducts a High school and a College at Poona and a High School and a college in Bombay.

There are in all twenty-three institutions in the country working on the lines laid down by this University. The numbers of Colleges is five. The number of students receiving secondary education is about 3,000.

TO SUIT WOMEN'S NEEDS

After the primary course the secondary course extends over seven years, and the higher course for the ordinary degrees of G. A. corresponding to B. A. degree is for three years. There is a further course of two years for the higher degree P. A. corresponding to M.A. examination.

The most important feature of this University is the use of the mother tongue as the medium of instruction both in the secondary and higher stages. The study of the literature of the mother tongue is a compulsory subject as also English. And proper attention is paid to its study.

Another important feature is the introduction of Fine Arts viz., Drawing, Painting, Music, Needle work and Embroidery, as well as Domestic science and Hygiene in the curriculum so as to make the course suit the needs of women, special attention being paid to secure acquisition of general knowledge by introduction of subjects like history, geography, mathematics, science, biology, physiology, psychology, etc.

Teaching through the vernacular, an option to students choose at least one subject of their own liki[illegible] from an early stage, an emphasis on the biological and sociological instead of purely physico-mathematical aspects of knowledge are the important features that distinguish the plan of education in this University from those of the older Universities.

It is gratifying to find that some of the features of the plan of education in this University are attracting the attention and approbation of some of the older Universities. I think that the new trends or departures in the Bombay University, viz., the inclusion of domestic science in the matriculation curriculum, a new alignment of option in the same examination, an option to write the examination papers through the vernacular, and bifurcation of the Science and Arts branches at the very beginning of the college studies afford a triumphant vindication of the principles of education of this University. Similar departure on lines indicated above was recommended by a Committee of the Senate of the Calcutta University. The suggestions of the Calcutta University Committee bear such a close resemblance to the educational reforms advocated since 1916 by this University that the promoters of this University may feel a just pride in being the pioneers of the new era in education that is bound to dawn in this country in the near future.

FINANCIAL STRINGENCY

It would not be inappropriate at this stage to refer to the period of great anxiety and financial stringency during the last three years since the stoppage of the annual grant of Rs. 52,500 by the executors of the late Sir Vithaldas Damoder Thackersey who soon after his return from a visit to Japan during a world tour, agreed fully with the views of Professor Karve and promised to pay an annual grant of Rs. 52,500 interest on 15 lakhs at 3 1/2 per cent. till the 'corpus' was handed over on fulfilment of certain conditions. The panic caused by this sudden stoppage of a large portion of its income might have jeopardised the activities of this institution but for the magnificent public support and the opportune self-sacrifice of its professors and workers who voluntarily submitted to an enormous cut in their emoluments, and the ruthless economy effected in all possible directions. The support of the generous public in the shape of contributions considerably mitigated the hardship, and is an indication of the appreciation of the work of this University.

"BLESSING IN DISGUISE"

The period of the last three years of suspense and anxiety was a blessing in disguise, and was an adequate test of the inherent strength of the University and its workers. The number of students increased in the institutions conducted by or affiliated to the University. The number of students in the colleges also increased from 136 to about 200. The number of students in the high schools increased from 2,440 to about 3,000. Our thanks are also due to the Educational Department of the Bmbay Government who sanctined adequate grants to our High schools and co-operated with the authorities of the University in several particulars.

The speaker then referred to the termination of the suit against the executors of the will of Sir Vithaldas Thackersey.

TRANSFER TO BOMBAY

The University authorities have

(Continued in Column [illegible])

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